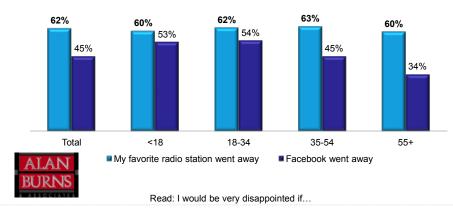
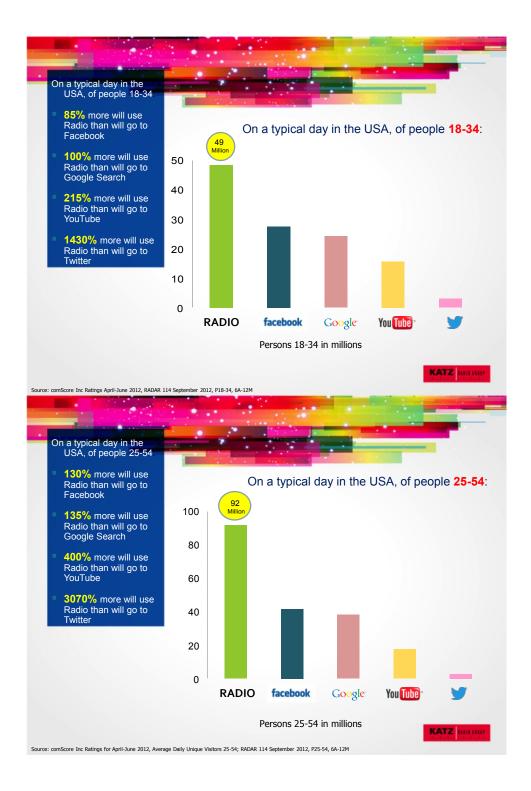
# Radio's Place in the Media Landscape I

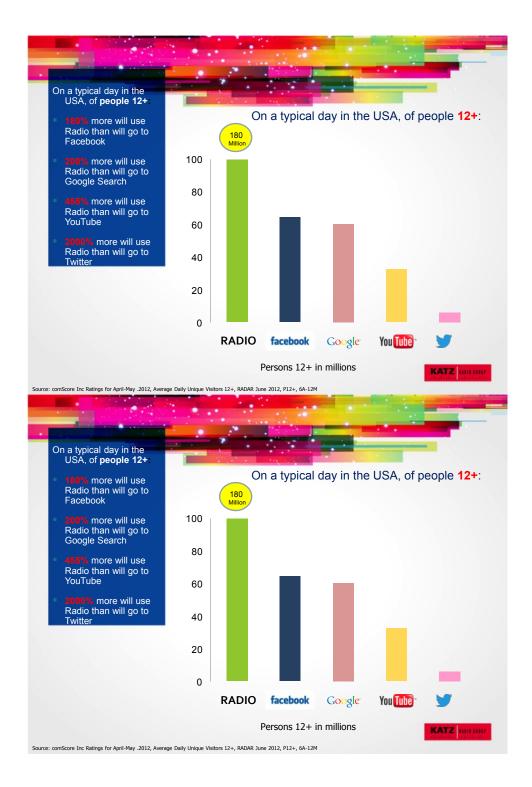




Source: Alan Burns/Triton Digital "The Future of Radio" September 2012 National Consumer Database; 25,000,000 Panelists; August & September 2012;All Ages, Genders and Format Fans; Total Polled = 41,252; Roughly in Line with 2010 Census; Heavily Caucasian

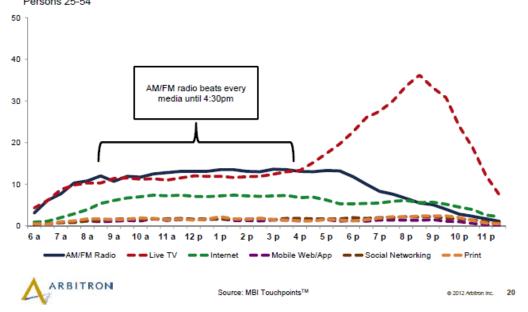
Record labels testify to the power of radio to break hits. CBS Radio says a day of meeting with record label executives yesterday brought a recurring acknowledgement of radio's role in artist promotion. That's a noteworthy shift back to the long-held position of the record companies, which in recent years publicly questioned radio's role in selling records as part of the fight over a performance royalty. "The power of radio has never been greater," said Azoff Music promotions consultant Richard Palmese, whose career began in the late 1960s in morning drive at rock KSHE, St. Louis (94.7) and who has held senior executive positions at MCA Records, J Records, Arista and RCA Music Group. He credited CBS Radio for helping break several of the artists he's worked with. "The airplay is everything and the power rotation is really special," Palmese said. During a meeting with Columbia Records, VP of promotion John Borris drew a direct correlation to music sales. He pointed out that Rita Ora's single "R.I.P." posted a 5% boost in national sales this week — but the gains were five-times as big in markets where CBS Radio's CHR stations have been spinning the record. CBS Radio executives and its senior programming team are continuing with a series of meeting with about one dozen record labels today in New York. The company says during yesterday's conversations a recurring theme was a desire to create programs with radio that will help sell artists and their music. CBS says it expects to announce several new programming initiatives based on those discussions in the coming months



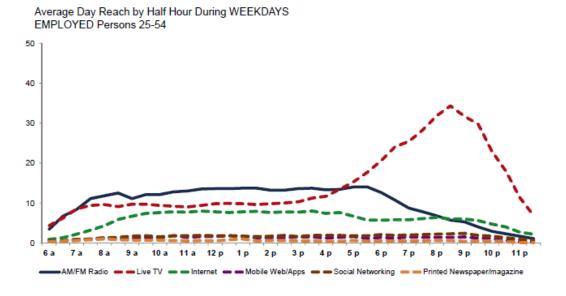


### AM/FM Radio Leads Other Media During the Daytime Monday Through Friday

Average Day Reach by Half Hour During WEEKDAYS Persons 25-54



# AM/FM Radio's Daytime Lead Expands Among EMPLOYED 25-54s During Weekdays



ARBITRON

Source: MBI Touchpoints<sup>™</sup>

© 2012 Arbitron Inc. 21

# AM/FM Radio Equals TV In Delivering Adults Who are Feeling Positive

% of Audience Feeling Positive\* Persons 25-54

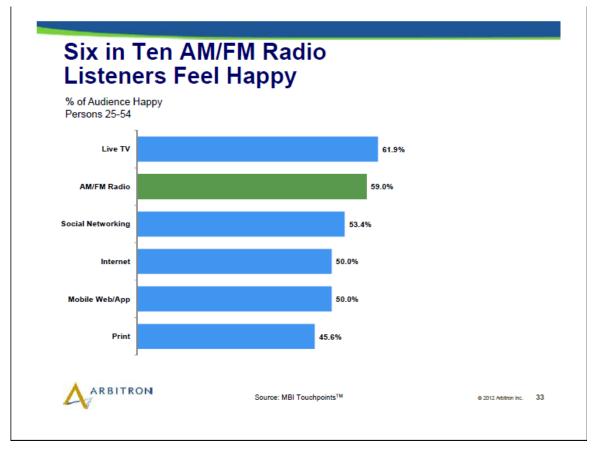


\* Positive emotion includes confident, excited, happy, hopeful, interested, loving, or relieved.

ARBITRON

Source: MBI Touchpoints™

© 2012 Arbitron Inc. 32



# Study Reveals Media Pros Have Digital Media Bias (And Explains Why You're Probably Reading This Via Email)

by Joe Mandese, 47 minutes ago

Madison Avenue, directly or indirectly, allocates nearly a trillion dollars in advertising budgets to influence consumers via media, but how much does the personal media habits and interests of industry pros influence the media they use to do that? It's an old question that it taking on new impetus in the age of hyper accelerated digital media change, and some new research indicates that the personal media habits of industry pros isn't anything like that of the consumers they are charged with influencing.

The research, which was presented by the Media Behavior Institute Thursday night during MPG's Collaborative Alliance session during Advertising Week, indicates that media pros are much more likely to be heavy users of digital media –particularly mobile and social – and are much less likely to use traditional media such as TV and radio than average consumers.

The study, which utilized a mobile app-based diary that a small, non-projectable sample of industry executives used to self-report their media usage during one day in their working life, compared their behavior with MBI's ongoing USA TouchPoints study, which captures the same daily usage data among the general consumer population for 10day periods.

While the data is based on a small sample, the findings are striking, because the media pros reporting were so dramatically different than average consumers, especially when it came to their use of Internet-connected computers and mobile devices.

Amazingly, the media pros spent 53% of their waking day interacting with email, vs. 20% for the general population, and they spent 28% accessing the Internet vs. 15% for average consumers.

Their use of mobile apps and social networks were similarly distorted, which may go a long way toward explaining Madison Avenue's obsession with those media platforms.

Ninety-two percent of the media pros utilized mobile apps, and they used them for 11% of their waking day, on average. Only 25% of consumers utilize mobile apps, and use them for 6% of their waking time on average.

Exactly half of the media pros used a social network and accessed it for 19% of their waking time vs. 19% of consumers who used it for 7% of their waking time.

There obviously are many reasons why the media pros index so much higher in their use of digital media, including the fact that it is part of their job, but the data indicates they clearly are not representative of the overall population they are hired to influence with media.

The only digital medium where media pros appear to be in sync with consumers is in their usage, if not ownership, of tablet computers. While media pros were nearly three times more likely to own a tablet (25% vs. 9%), both pros and consumers who own a tablet use them an average of 7% of their waking time.

When it comes to "traditional media," consumers utilize all forms – especially radio – more than industry pros with the exception of print.

"The difference in radio usage was more marked," notes MBI's Mike Bloxham, explaining that, "42% of media professionals listened to the radio, but almost twice that (80%) of the general population sample tuned in.

"The percentage of waking time that listeners from either group spent with the radio was much closer however at 25% for media professionals and 23% for the general population sample."

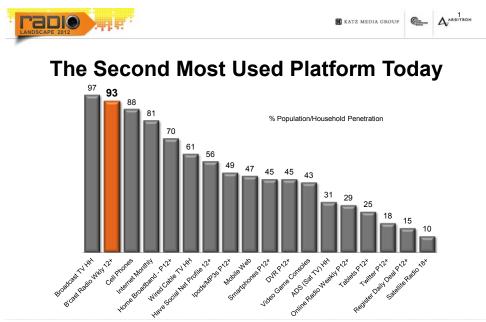
While 85% of the general population watched TV, only 75% of the media pros did, and their waking time spent with TV showed similar disparities: 26% for consumers vs. 9% for pros.

"The traditional medium that bucked the trend was print," said Bloxham, noting that, "42% of our media professionals read some form of print on the day vs. 25% of our general population sample, with both groups spending 5-6% of waking time with the medium."

Bloxham emphasized that the findings are largely anecdotal and that a larger scale study of media pros would need to be conducted before scientific conclusions could be drawn, but that based on the small subset of industry executives sampled, there does indeed appear to be a disparity between their media usage habits and the consumers they are responsible for influencing.

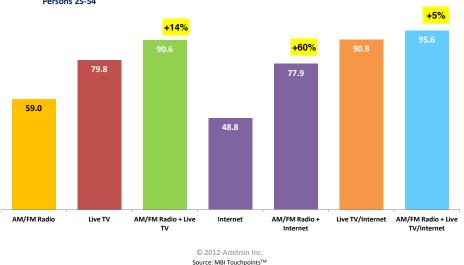
Bloxham said that while some of those skews represent "professionally appropriate biases" – the fact that media pros need to utilize new media in order to evaluate their potential impact, etc. – he said it's reasonable to conclude that their behaviors and habits likely influence the way they think about consumer media usage too.

"We all view the world from our own eyes," he said, "If we find as a community that we are markedly different from the communities that we are trying to communicate with and engage for our brand clients, that is a real challenge."



Source: TV HH, Nielsen May 2011; wkly Radio, Arbitron RADAR March/June/September 2012 M-Su M-M; Internet & Pew Internet & Am Life Sept 2012 Study; Mobile Web comScore Feb 2011 via mobiThinking; DVR, Nov, 2010 NielsenWire; Cable & ADS July 2011 Nielsen Report; iPods/MP3s and Social Net Usage Arbitron/Edison Infinite Dial: 2012; Video Game Consoles from Lichtman Rseearch June 2010; Twitter comScore Dec 2011; Video Game Console, Wireless Cell Phone, High speed Internet Access from Pew Internet & American Life Project Dec 2010, May, June 2011; Tablets , Pew Internet & Am Life Oct 3, 2012; Scarborough USA + Release 2 2011 12 months

### AM/FM Radio Adds Considerable Reach When Used in Combination with Other Media



Average Day Reach, AM/FM Radio And Other Media Combinations Persons 25-54

Radio doesn't have you put your life on pause to consume. It takes a part in your life

### <u>As an "intimate" medium, radio affords the intimacy of magazines</u> and the trust of a friend (personalities)

Pittman: But his pitch was more subtle, telling marketers that just because consumers are digitally connected , doesn't mean they've unplugged traditional media like radio and TV. In the past their "second screen" was a magazine, or perhaps a telephone conversation. Today it's a smartphone or iPad. "I think people do online what they already do, they just use online to make it more efficient," Pittman said, adding, "When you think about it in those terms you can find an opening for the dialogue with the consumer

Ongoing migration to digital radio platforms documented in new study. Offering the most dramatic snapshot yet of how quickly radio consumption is moving to internet-delivered platforms, nearly half of respondents (46%) to a new Alan Burns/Triton Digital poll say they listen daily to AM/FM radio

on a computer. That's significantly higher than the 29% of Americans who said they listened to online radio in the last week in Arbitron & Edison's survey conducted in January and February of this year. The difference in methodologies — Burns/Triton used an online opt-in survey, Arbitron/Edson conducted a national telephone survey — may be as much of a factor as the ongoing shift to online listening. Burns/Triton also report nearly one in four smartphone owners (23%) say they listen to broadcast radio daily on their smartphone. The poll finds radio's smartphone audience is using both station-specific apps and ones offered by aggregators. The percentage of smartphone owners that have downloaded a specific radio station app (22%) is about the same as those who have downloaded the iHeartRadio app (21%). Aggregator TuneIn's app is further down the list, downloaded by 8% of the sample. The study finds nearly one in four (39%) listen weekly to music on their smartphones while one in four do so daily with 17% listening for an hour or more daily. Meanwhile, consumers with in-car internet access are not using radio significantly less — perhaps 7% less, the study suggests. Among the two in ten (19%) that report having internet access in the car, the vast majority (70%) say they listen most to AM/FM radio in the car. The study also calls into question industry theories that Pandora listening takes more time away from recorded music collections than radio. Of those who listen weekly to the pureplay, 28% say they are listening less to CDs, MP3s and records — the same percentage that say they're listening to less radio. But the majority (52%) says they aren't listening less to other music sources or they just don't know. "Radio AQH may be nibbled at by other media but consumers don't sense themselves using it less," consultant Alan Burns says. More than half (55%) say they are listening to radio the same, 30% say more and 21% less.

### **CBS PHILADELPHIA RAISES OVER \$800K FOR KIDS**

### 9-27-2012

WOGL-FM and WIP-AM hosted Radiothons that raised more than \$881,000. The 98.1 WOGL Loves Our Kids Radiothon raised \$658,272 in two days for The Children's Miracle Network. In the past eleven years, 98.1 WOGL has raised \$5,514,604 for Children's Hospital. And, the WIP EYP/City Year Eagles Radiothon raised \$223,150 in two days. All donations raised are split equally between Eagles Youth Partnership and City Year Greater Philadelphia. This was the 12th year of the Eagles Radiothon.

CBS Radio Philadelphia Market Manager Marc Rayfied said, "We get to see first-hand the impact our radio stations have on the community. We are local business operators who feel it's our duty to support fine organizations like CHOP and the Eagles Youth Partnership. Like many, our families have been the beneficiaries of the services they provide, and we are very fortunate to have them in our back yard."

### BURNS: "IT'S UP TO YOU TO WIN THE MEDIA BATTLE."

### 9-27-2012

Last week at the Radio Show in Dallas, Alan Burns and Associates and Triton Digital released results of a poll that included 40,000 people. Burns has condensed the results into a top ten list and concluded, "Radio's future is not in the hands of Pandora or any other technology - it's squarely in the hands of consumers, who will react to what we give, or fail to give, them. Thus ultimately Radio's future is in Radio's hands.

Here is the Top Ten list from the Burns/Triton poll:

1. With consumers, Radio wins by large margins images such as the medium that energizes them; relaxes them; puts them in a better mood; helps them have a good time; feels like a friend; and has honest and believable ads.

2. Television wins images for "annoying ads" and "ads you can skip."

3. Internet services win images for being informative and connecting consumers to other people. Internet and Radio tied for "ads targeted to people like you."

4. Newspapers did not win a single consumer image.

5. Radio is less strongly bonded to listeners under 35. Younger listeners want music control and fewer commercials.

6. There is demand for a cell phone Radio chip. 38% of all consumers, and 43% of under-35s, would be more likely to buy a specific phone if it had a radio tuner in it.

7. The radio usage of consumers who have internet access in their cars is virtually identical to that of consumers without in-car internet.

8. Advertising agency employees are less likely to name Radio, and more likely to name Television, for the positive images consumers hold of radio. They are less likely to cume radio daily, and more likely to cume a personalizable music stream.

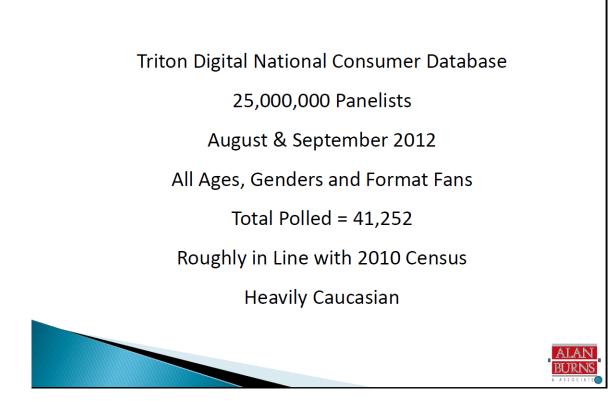
9. However, Radio ranks #1 even among those agency professionals in all its basic areas of strength with consumers, plus it ranks #1 for targetable ads.
10. More consumers - including consumers under 35 - would be "very disappointed" to lose their favorite radio station than to lose Facebook.

# Radio Tomorrow





### Sample



# Daily Media Usage

Use the Internet	84.7%
Watch TV	80.2%
Listen to AM/FM Radio	<mark>73.8%</mark>
Watch Local TV News	56.3%
Visit Facebook	52.0%
Get News on the Internet	50.7%
Read a Newspaper	35.9%
Listen to Customized Music Stream on the Internet	22.6%



# What Medium or Service.... Keeps You Company Radio 36.6% TV 30.3% Internet 16.9% None 12.0% Newspaper 4.4%

Comforts You

Radio	<mark>40.7%</mark>
TV	22.1%
None	20.6%
Internet	12.2%
Newspaper	4.6%



Helps You Have a Good Time

Radio	<mark>41.0%</mark>
TV	21.1%
Internet	19.0%
None	15.0%
Newspaper	4.1%





Helps You Relax

Radio	<mark>46.8%</mark>
TV	25.4%
Internet	12.4%
None	9.2%
Newspaper	6.3%



Energizes You

Radio	<mark>49.1%</mark>
None	23.6%
TV	12.3%
Internet	10.3%
Newspaper	4.7%



Improves Your Mood

Radio	<mark>57.4%</mark>
TV	16.0%
None	11.4%
Internet	11.2%
Newspaper	4.1%



# Listening to Radio More, Less or the Same?

More	30.0%	
Same	55.1%	
Less	20.5%	
Net	+9.5%	
		ALAN

BURNS

# Listening to Radio More, Less or the Same? Total + 9.5% Shoppers +11.9% Under 18 +18.0% 18-34 + 8.5% 35-54 +12.5% 55+ + 6.1%

### Streaming Music Usage on Smartphones Growing

Listening to All Music Sources – Radio streams, Pandora, Etc.

Weekly	39.3%
Daily	25.4%
1+Hour Daily	16.5%





# AM/FM Radio on Other Platforms

	<u>Daily</u>	<u>Hour</u> or More
On Computer (incld laptop/tablet)	46.4%	36.2%
On Smartphone	23.0%*	18.1%
* of Smartphone owners		





### Would Listen to Radio More If....

Absolutely + Very Likely	Total	< 18	18-34	35-54	55+
It Had Fewer Commercials	61.4%				
You Can Skip Songs You Don't Like	54.6%	64.1%	65.1%	54.7%	43.8%
You Can Control the Music	56.1%	61.5%	63.9%	56.5%	47.8%
Watch Videos of Songs as They Played	33.5%				
Favorite Personality Was on Longer/More Often	34.7%				
There was more/better News and Information	35.5%				
If You Could Rewind Commercials	21.0%				





# Which Are Important Parts of Your Community?

TV Stations	78.7%
Radio Stations	78.6%
Newspaper	67.6%
Internet Sites	59.3%





Ever Purchased an Item or Shopped at a Location You Heard About First on		
	<u>Yes %</u>	
TV	69.2%	
Radio	58.8%	
Website	49.0%	
Newspaper	45.6%	
Facebook	22.2%	



Has Ads That are Honest and Believable

Radio	23.3%
-------	-------

 TV
 18.9%

 Newspaper
 15.1%

Internet 9.5%

(None

33.2%)





### Show This to Your Agencies!

Total Agreement with the Statement	Total	<18	18-34	35-54	55+
I would be very disappointed if my <u>favorite radio</u> <u>station</u> went away	61.6%	60.0%	62.0%	62.7%	59.6%
I would be very disappointed if Facebook went away	44.7%	53.3%	54.2%	44.7%	33.9%



# Eric& Kathy WTMX/Chicago

fter 36 hours, you helped us rAise \$1,722,153.36 for the Ann & Robert H. Lurie Children's Hospital of Chicago! Check out All of pictures in our Photo Gallery And don't miss Any of the Radiothon 2012 Videos

Here are some thoughts about how broadcast radio might plan its next set of moves:

- This isn't about starting a personalized music service on your website. Pandora, Apple, and Spotify can and will do it better.
- It *is* about thinking how radio brands can provide a unique and welcome service that is different from what they get from pure-plays.
- This is yet another call for broadcasters to clean up and improve the streaming experience, whether it is cleaner ad insertion, less buffering, more commercial-free programming, higher bit rates, or other solutions that make radio brands more competitive or at least on an equal footing in a streaming environment.

• Programmers need to be incentivized for their streams *and* they need to start monitoring them for quality and reliability.

And that leads to a series of questions that need to be asked at **The Radio Show** and other conferences, at company meetings, and inside every station and cluster in America:

- What are radio's defining differences today and down the road? What can a local FM radio station offer that consumers cannot get from a pure-play? What is broadcast radio's "why?"
- 2. What role does a personality/concierge play in the consumption of music and how can radio brands leverage that advantage?
- 3. How can a local radio brand better cater to advertiser needs and produce results in ways that global pure-plays cannot?
- 4. How can radio better serve the *emotional needs* of the audience by providing programming, services, and even companionship that goes beyond what a pure-play can offer?
- 5. How can radio offer better *experiences* to its audience unique opportunities to interface with the music and those who make it?
- 6. And finally, how can radio improve the overall *CX* the customer experience whether it's answering the phones, social media acknowledgement, or showing up for local civic and charitable events?

### Lee Clow is one of the great creative minds in last 25-35 years

From: Lee Clow [mailto:lee@mediaartslab.com] Sent: Wednesday, June 17, 2009 3:48 PM To: McCurdy, Bob Subject: Re: Mag Article

H∎y, Bob.

Radio is:

### IT'S INTIMATE LIKE TWITTER.

It's Conversational Like Facebook.

IT CAN produce humor And outrAgeousness (ALbeit in your mind) Like Youtube.

ITCAN DE MEASURED. IN MITCAN DE COSTEFFECTIVE. SEEMS LIKE A NObrainer.

By Carl Marcucci on Sep, 18 2012 with Comments 0

•

Arbitron's September 2012 RADAR 114 report shows radio's audience increased slightly year over year by 249,000 persons aged 12+, representing nearly 93% of the population.

Young radio listeners were largely responsible for the YOY increase, with Adults aged 18-34 showing the largest gain in weekly listeners, adding more than 800,000. Persons aged 12-17 increased slightly also. Radio continues to reach 91% of this demo. Adults 18-49 and 25-54 showed YOY declines in weekly radio listening, largely due to shifts in the composition of the population versus last year. Radio attracts 126 million adults aged 18-49 and 119.6 million adults 25-54 on a weekly basis.

Radio's diverse listener base saw a big jump in the September 2012 RADAR study compared to the September 2011 study. The number of Hispanic weekly radio listeners saw impressive increases across most demographic segments.

Radio's Hispanic audience aged 12+ grew by more than 2.5 million versus the September 2011 report. Radio reaches nearly 95% of Hispanics aged 12+. Hispanic Teens aged 12-17 showed an impressive increase over the past year, rising by more than 300,000 weekly listeners.

The Black (non-Hispanic) audience also show significant gains. Radio among Black (non-Hispanic) listeners aged 12+ grew by more than 975,000 versus September 2011. Radio reaches 93% of the Black (non-Hispanic) population. Black (non-Hispanic) adults aged 18-34 showed the most gains, adding nearly half a million average weekly listeners versus last year. The adult 25 to 54 Black (non-Hispanic) demo also showed impressive gains with an increase of more than 280,000 weekly listeners.

More than 95% of adults aged 25-54 with a household income of \$75K or more and a college degree tune in to radio on a weekly basis, that's 25.6 million listeners in this demographic. Also, nearly 69.7 million, or 94%, of Adults 18-49 with a household income of \$75K or more tune into radio on a weekly basis.

Radio's so-called "Money Demo" is also its biggest user. A fresh analysis of national listening habits finds nearly one-in-five radio listeners (18+) are heavy users of the medium. Heavy users are defined as spending 180 minutes a day or more during a typical day — or 21 hours or more per week — tuned to the FM/AM dial. While young adults (18-24) make up 11% of heavy radio users, in the 25-54 demo sought out by advertisers, three-fifths are categorized as heavy radio listeners. The report also shows there are some regional differences. The South makes up 31% of radio's heavy users, followed by the West (28%). Midwest (21%) and Northeast (20%). Along racial lines, whites under-perform the overall population but blacks and Hispanics both outperform. Research Director Inc.'s analysis of The Media Audit data also shows that in PPM-measured markets, P1 listeners represent 20% of a station's cume and 63% of a station's AQH audience. The results were laid over the top of The Media Audit's qualitative data to show such things as frequent fast-food consumers are 42% more likely to be heavy radio users. And mattress shoppers are 24% more likely to be heavy radio users. "We have always known that heavy users of any media product are important to that medium's long-term success," Research Director president Charlie Sislen says. "Now we can show – in great detail – what kinds of consumers these people are."

### Canadians up TV watching, radio listening and downloading from the Internet

September 4, 2012. 12:45 pm • Section: Digital Life, STAFF

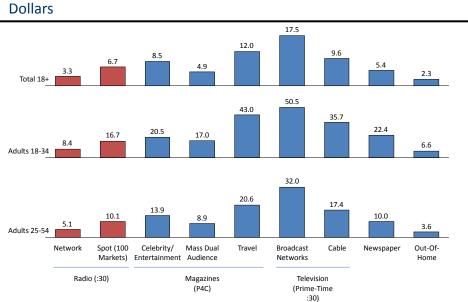
• Posted on Jul 28, 2012

Predictions about the death of traditional television and radio are greatly exaggerated — at least in Canada where consumers are spending more time watching TV and listening to the radio.

According to the Canadian Radio-television and Telecommunications Commission's annual Communications Monitoring Report released today, TV watching was up slightly at 28.5 hours a week in 2011 from 28 hours a week in 2010 and radio listening crept up a fraction, to 17.7 hours a week from 17.6.

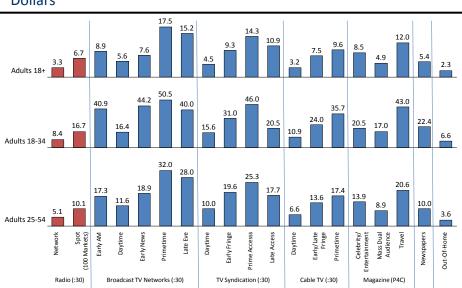
But all the same, Canadians are using the Internet more, upping the amount they download every month — whether it's watching movies or video chatting with the

grandchildren. Last year Canadians downloaded more than 20 per cent more from the Internet every month than they did in 2010.



### Typical CPMs By Medium

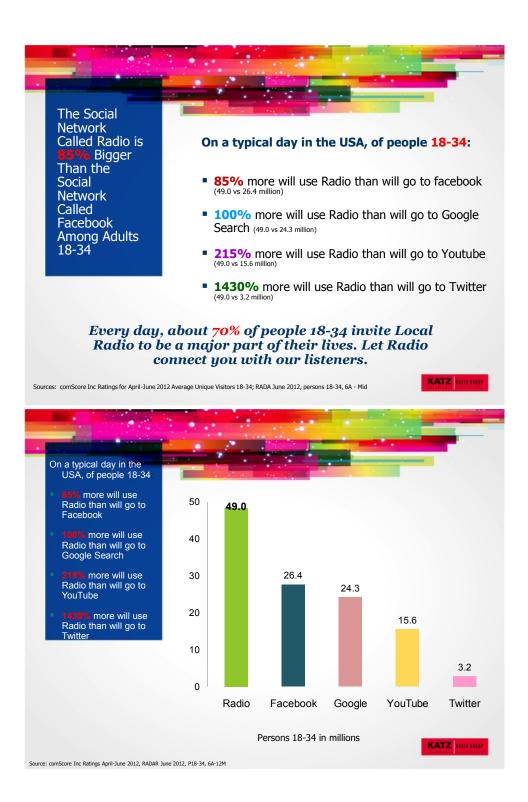
Source: Media Dynamics, 2011 Note: TV figures are based on upfront estimates. Newspaper figures for B&W mag. size for top 40 market papers. OOH figures for 30-sheet poster in top 50 markets.

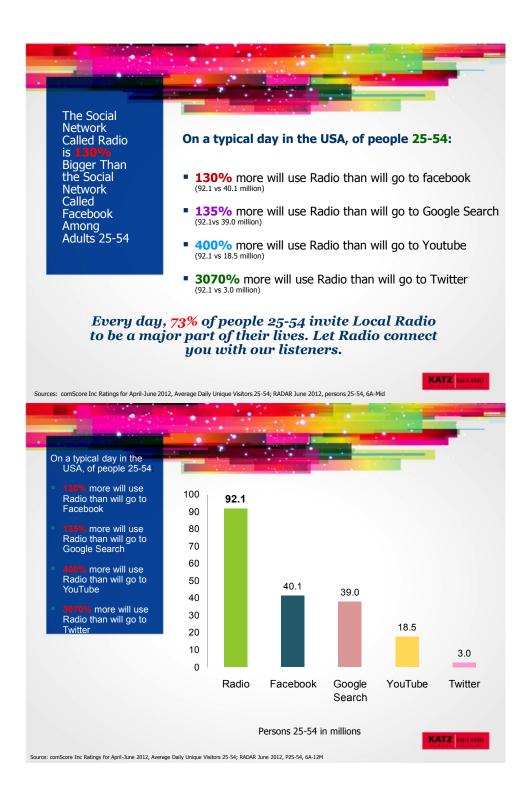


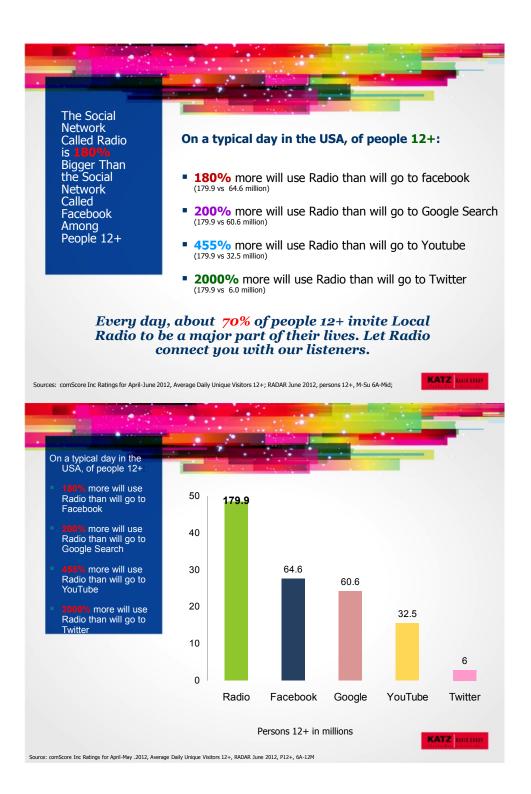
### Typical CPMs By Medium Dollars

Source: Media Dynamics, 2011

Note: TV figures are based on upfront estimates. Newspaper figures for B&W mag. size for top 40 market papers. OOH figures for 30-sheet poster in top 50 markets.







# Clearly, Dunkin' is pushing into mobile and social media. How is your marketing strategy for 2012 and 2013 changing?

A:John Costello Dunkin CMO: Dunkin' is fortunate, because we're still getting a strong ROI on traditional media like television, radio, outdoor and in-store POP. We're

somewhat different than some other marketers who shifted into interactive marketing because it no longer works. We conduct fairly sophisticated analyses across all media, and then adjust our plans based on that ROI. So while interactive, mobile and social are growing at a faster rate than traditional marketing tools, they're earning their way into the marketing plan through the ROI that they provide. You won't see a wholesale shift to those media. Traditional media still represent over half of our total marketing budget.

### The Whole Story: Moms, Radio And Recency

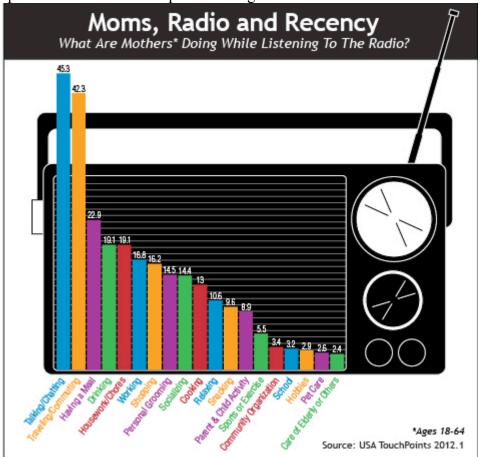
by Mike Bloxham, 6 hours ago

Radio has been such a major part of our lives for so long that it's easy to take it for granted. This USA TouchPoints analysis looks at how exposure to radio correlates with a range of life activities throughout an average day of American moms. The findings tell a long tail indeed.

The cross-section of activities accompanied by radio listening by at least some moms illustrates the extent to which daily life is led to it's own soundtrack. Whether talking and chatting with others, commuting, eating, working, doing housework, radio has a presence.

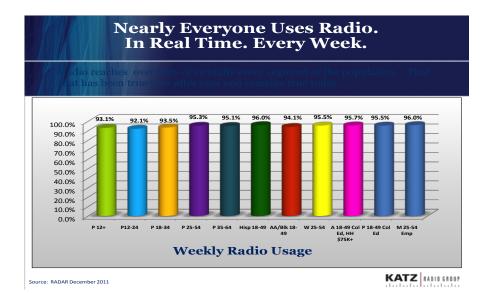
This ubiquity of location and social setting is perhaps matched only by mobile media, where it is almost certainly more readily expected to be found. This proximity to such an array of activities provides a platform for leveraging the recency effect in relation to things like shopping, time with children etc.

This analysis clearly supports other research that points to the correlation between time

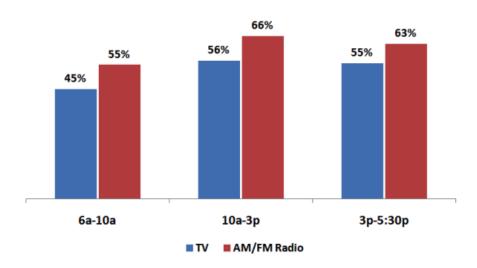


spent in the car and time spent listening to the radio.

n AnALysis of radio Listening data from roltton shows the medium is holding up very well, particularly over the past 3 years in spite of digital audio alternatives. From 2009 to 2011, weekly reach is over 95% for advertisers' most important demographics (r 18-49 and 25-54), and usage is over 2 hours per day.



### Radio is #1 reaching medium from 6a-5:30p among Employed Adults 18-34

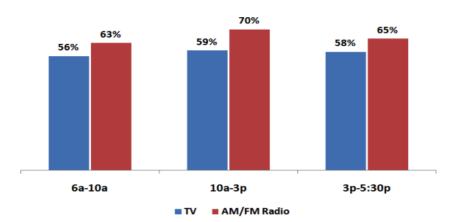


% Weekly Reach by Medium Mon-Fri

TV includes live and time-shifted

Source: 2012 USA TouchPoints

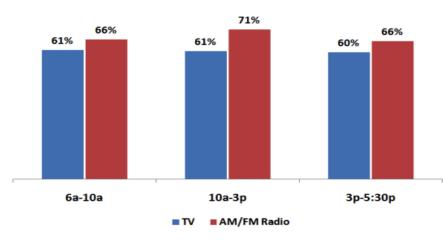
#### Radio is #1 reaching medium from 6a-5:30p among Employed Adults 25-54



% Weekly Reach by Medium Mon-Fri

TV includes live and time-shifted

Source: 2012 USA TouchPoints



Radio is #1 reaching medium from 6a-5:30p among Employed Adults 35-54

% Weekly Reach by Medium Mon-Fri

Source: 2012 USA TouchPoints

(CO /1 / JENT: THIS IS I / JPORTA NT DUE TO BOTH THE A UTHOR A ND THE RESEARCH. / JIKE BLOXHA / JIS A JUCH RESPECTED RESEARCHER. KEY TAKEAWY HERE IS THAT RADIO IS A BLE TO TARGET-IN-TI / JE AND REACH LISTENERS WHEN THEY A RE CLOSE TO PURCHASE- RECENCY AND PROPINQUITY)

7/12 The Whole Story: Breakfast Media

by MIKE BLoxhAm

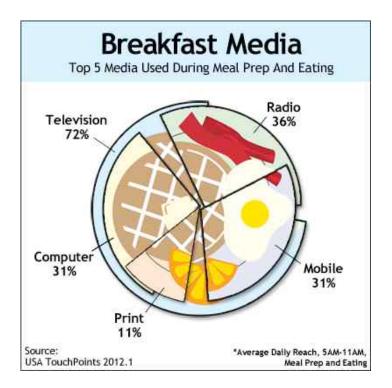
Breakfastin merica has changed beyond recognition since the '50s and '60s. This USA touchPoints analysis (see below) shows the

TV includes live and time-shifted

rEACh of different media while people are preparing or eating a meal between 5:00 and 11:00 a.m. throughout the week.

What, where and when we eat breakfast today could not be more different from the domestic idyll of yesteryear. Breakfast is no Longer Confined to the home and it certainly isn't a whole family affair. fore often it is a meal eaten in shifts by different family members as they pass through the kitchen. Others eat at work or on the way there. Starbucks is as much a part of the breakfast Landscape as the cereal box and the desk is as important as the breakfast table.

With that in mind we looked at the 5:00 to 11:00 *A.m.* window and Correlated media use with when people reported preparing or eating *A* meal. The Chart below illustrates the top five media as expressed in terms of daily reach (including weekdays and weekends).



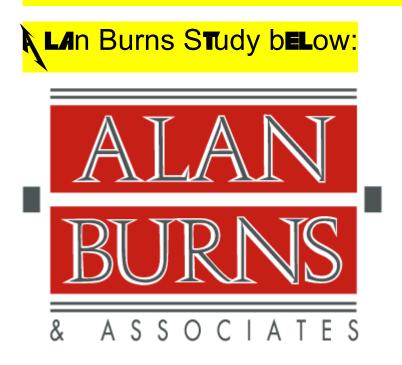
- The mix of media and their reach is most likely heavily influenced by the range of Locations in which people eat breakfast. From the more traditional home setting to the office, the coffee shop or even in the car, each provides a different media microclimate of its own where different media hierarchies prevail with corresponding opportunities to deliver contextual relevant messages to a more receptive (foodoriented) Consumer.
- TV dominates the home, which will be especially relevant for weekend breakfasts but also for weekdays as people catch news, weather and lifestyle programs before leaving the house. Kids tV will also play a role here. This dominance means that tV delivers 72% of people who are preparing or eating breakfast.
- Radio, Computer and JobiLE Phones ALL Come in a distant second to tV but with Radio (36% Reach) just ahead of Computer (31%) and JobiLE Phone (31%). While all of these are strongly associated with media use while working and Can probably be linked to breakfast Consumption at the workplace whether in the Communal Eating area or as a bowl of Cereal at the desk Radio also benefits from being strong in the home and particularly in the Car for those taking advantage of the drive through QSRs, Coffee Shops etc.

• FINALLY, PrINT WITH 11% REACH of This group maintains a respectable showing. As a medium that requires more direct attention than some others and much of which is news oriented, it is well-suited as a breakfast medium – particularly in situations where the reader is relatively undistracted and able to absorb editorial and advertising.

#### Data From Alan Burns Study titled, "Here She Comes 2012"

(CO /1/IENT. THE KEY TO THIS & RTICLE IS THE TITLE. WE /IUST CO /1/IUNICA TE THIS FAR AND WIDE AND CORRECT THE INCORRECT PERCEPTION THAT LISTENERSHIP IS DECREASING)

Survey: radio listening isn't decreasing, it's just shifting devices. From movies to tV to books, products enjoy increased Consumption when they become Available in more places. New data from A national survey of female radio listeners aged 15-54 shows a similar scenario for radio. While self-reported Cume and time Spent Listening to broadcastradio on <u>an-over-the-air receiver</u> fell from Last year's level, both metrics rose for Listening to broadcast streams online and on Cell phones. The online study Conducted by Lan Burns and ssociates in *flay* among a sample of 2,010 women Concludes that radio listening isn't decreasing, it's just shifting devices. Listening to radio on Cell phones is becoming significant with 13% of women reporting Listening to *M*/F*f* radio on their Cell phone virtually every day, up from 8% Last year. One in four Listen daily to broadcast radio online, the same number that Listen daily to onLine Custom music streams. Seven in ten say they tune in daily via an over-the air receiver. On a weekly basis, Listening to radio on a Cell phone nearly doubled from 15% to 26% while usage of broadCast streams via Computer or Laptop rose from 34% to 43% and weekly over-the-air tuning declined from 95% to 87%.



## Sample

Women 15-54 AC & Top 40 Cumers Age Proportionate to Combined Cumes

N=2,010

Interviewed May 2012 Online via SSI National Panel

©2012 Alan Burns & Associates

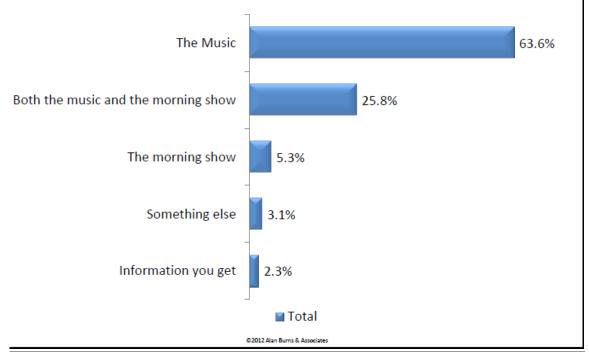
(COMMENT: IN THE SLIDE BELOW, RADIO, A 100 YEAR OLD MEDIUM IS OUTPERFORMING A NEWDIGITAL DARLING, TWITTER)

## Usage Compared to a Year or Two Ago

"More" minus "Less"	Net
Facebook	+18.0%
Internet Music Streaming	+15.5%
Radio (Air or Online)	+6.7%
Twitter	+3.8%

©2012 Alan Burns & Associates

## What is the Main Reason You Listen to Your Favorite Radio Station?



**Extremely important slide:** 

## Weekly/Daily Media Usage

	Wee	kly %	Daily %	
	2011	2012	2012	
Listen to Radio on a Radio	94.6%	86.6%	68.7%	
Listen to Custom Music Streams Online	39.2%	48.8%	25.8%	
Listen to Radio on a Cell Phone	15.4%	26.2%	13.4%	
Listen to Online Stream of a Radio	33.9%	42.7%	24.8%	

©2012 Alan Burns & Associates

(CO/1/IENT: SLIDE BELOW- WHILE LISTENING TO THE RA DIO IS DOWN 15 /INUTES FRO /I LA STYLE R LISTENING TO RA DIO ONLINE OR ON A CELL IS UP A N HOUR EACH)

## **Media Usage**

Time Spent Average Quarter Hour

	2011	2012
	TSL	TSL
Watch Television	3:30	3:30
Use Facebook	1:45	2:00
Listen to AM/FM Stations on a Radio	2:00	1:45
Listen to Online Stream of AM/FM Station	:30	1:30
Listen to AM or FM Radio on Your Cell	:15	1:15

©2012 Alan Burns & Associates

(CO/1/JENT. SLIDE BELOW- 13% OF RESPONDENTS TO THE BURNS SURVEY INDICA TED THE LISTEN TO RA DIO ON THEIR CELL DA ILY)

## Cell Phone Listening Becoming Significant

Ever downloaded any app	89.9%
Ever downloaded radio station app	49.3%
Listens to radio on cell weekly+	26.2%
<ul> <li>Listen to radio on cell ~ daily</li> </ul>	13.4%
TSL by daily cell listeners	1:15

Of those who've ever downloaded any app. All others = total sample.

©2012 Alan Burns & Associates

•

CO /1/IENT. SLIDE BELOW- OVERA LL RA DIO LISTENING IS UP IN SPITE OF LISTENING TO RA DIO ON A RA DIO BEING DOWN A BIT)

## Radio Listening is Not Decreasing It's Just Shifting Devices...

#### Daily Listening to AM/FM Radio

			2011		2012		
Or	n a Radio	=	79.6% <u>X8qh</u> 637	=	68.7% <u>X7qh</u> 481		
Or	nline	=	19.3% <u>x2qh</u> 39	=	24.8% <u>x6qh</u> 149		
Or	n a Cell Phone	=	8.2% <u>x1qh</u> 8	=	13.4% <u>x5qh</u> 68	*	
То	tals	=	684	=	697	<u>up</u> 1.9%	
		©2012 Alan Burns & A	losociates				

#### The Radio medium is Rock Solid:

#### (COMMENT: RADIO'S AUDIENCE CONTINUES TO REMAIN STRONG, REACHING EVERY AMERICAN REGARDLESS OF RACE ACCORDING TO THE RADAR JUNE 2012 REPORT)

COLU/IBIN, /ID; June 12, 2012— rbitton InC. (NYSE: RB) AnnounCed today highLights from its June 2012 R D R® 113 National Radio Listening Report. The report shows radio's audienCe InCrEASEd slightly year over year by 590,000 persons aged 12 and one of the population.

In Addition to increasing its Audience of persons Aged 12 And older, young rAdio Listeners Also increased slightly with persons Aged 12 to 17 At 22.8 million weekly Listeners. Adults Aged 18 to 34 showed the Largest increase year over year, Adding 845,000 weekly rAdio Listeners. A dults Aged 18 to 49 And Adults Aged 25-54 showed year over year declines in weekly rAdio Listening. RAdio Attracts 126.3 million Adults Aged 18 to 49 And 119.9 million Adults Aged 25 to 54 on A weekly basis.

#### Radio's Diversity

RAdio's diverse listener base saw a big jump in the June 2012 RADAR study compared to the June 2011 study. The number of BLACk (non-Hispanic) and Hispanic weekly radio listeners saw Impressive increases across most demographic segments.

- The June 2012 R D R report shows **A** signific **A**nt increase in Hispanic weekly listeners. Radio's Hispanic Audience Aged 12 And older grew by more than 2.5 million versus the June 2011 report. Radio reaches nearly 95% of Hispanics Aged 12 and older.
- HISPANIC dults Aged 25 to 54 Increased the most over the pastyear, adding more than 1.8 million weekly listeners.
- BLACk (non-HispAnic) Listeners Also grew year over year, gaining 1 million weekly listeners aged 12 and older. Radio

rEACHES ApproximATELy 93% of ThE BLACk (non-HispAnic) popuLATIon.

#### Radio Delivers Affluent, Educated Adults

the June 2012 R D R ILLUSTFATES rAdio'S Ability to ATTFACT Affluent, Educated Consumers. Afore than 95% of Adults Aged 18 to 49 with A household income of \$75K or more And A College degree tune in to radio on A weekly basis, that's 22.5 million listeners in this demographic. I lso, nearly 34 million, or 93%, of a dults Aged 18 to 34 with A household income of \$75K or more tune into radio on A weekly basis.

The R D R June 2012 Report includes data from all 48 rbitton PP /1™ markets. The survey dates for R D R 113 were from /1arch 31, 2011 to /1arch 28, 2012.

### (COMPENT. ONE WAY TO VIEW THE 3 A JOR MEDIUMS)

TV IS MERICA'S hobby: If you do Anything for 4 hrs/dAy, IT is your rEAL hobby, not something ELSE you might do A Couple of Times/week

RAdio merica's companion: sharing the same moment in time with another Living breathing human being....being connected to the outside world. Llows you to be alone without being LoneLy INTERNET. "mAnAge my Life box"

RAdio very EAsy to use. "EAsy" will AlwAys win. Just turn on the button And its there. Thumbing up or down And Creating your own playlist is often not As satisfying As A CurAted station- it is just not worth the effort to A Lot of people

(COMPENT. ME NS SEVERAL THINGS. WE NEED TO POSITION THE MEDIU /1 MORE & GESSIVELY WITH KEY DECISION /1 KES THAN EVER BEFORE. SECOND, WE NEED TO BE CONVERSE NT WITH HOW PLANNERS CHANNEL PLAN. BE FAMILIA R WITH THE CHANNEL PLANNING TAB OF THE PRIMER)

Ad Industry Media Options Explode: From 8 in The 1970s To 100+ Today

"In the 1970s, there were <u>eightChoices</u>," According to Patrick Quinn, founder and CEO of PQ / jedia. "Today there are more than 100, and 17 from mobile alone," he added.

Quinn said that fragmentation of options, and the problems it has Caused in manpower, workflow, thinking and comparing media options, is the No. 1 Challenge Cited by PQ fielda's panel of Industry leaders that it surveys periodically. But Radio Continues to be a very important part of people's lives:

(COMMENT: RADIO IS A GREAT WAY TO REACH ON-THE-GO MOM'S AS THEY TRANSTION FROM THEIR WORKS LIVES TO THEIR LIVES AS MOMS)

Connected, multi-tasking moms balance digital media with radio and other traditional media. Nearly nine in ten (86%) say they listened to AM/FM radio in the last week. And radio is still the winner for new music discovery but it's a much closer race with the web now. More than four in 10 (42%) say they turn to radio first to learn about new music, compared to 38% for the internet. With a demanding lifestyle, moms choose media they can multitask with in morning drive. For one third, that means radio, while another third prefer TV in the morning and 28% pick the internet. Just 5% use newspapers in the morning. Radio consumption rises for moms when they get to work. Nearly half (45%) of moms employed full- or part-time listen to the radio at work. Of them, nearly seven in ten (66%) do so on a regular radio. But about two in 10 listen on their computer (18%) and another 15% listen on a mobile device at work. "Mobile devices are changing the way moms listen to radio at work in 2012," Edison VP Melissa DeCesare says. A case study conducted by the Media Behavior Institute last fall showed how interwoven radio is in the media habits of moms. According to that study, radio reaches moms at several activation points during the day: prior to shopping (late morning hours until early evening), during meal prep (one of moms' most consistent and prevalent activities throughout the day) and while out socializing. In fact, radio has 12% daily reach during meal prep time among Millennial and Gen X moms and 13% among Boomer moms

**Study: Single parents married to radio- 2011.** At an Advertising Week event a Wal-Mart marketing executive said the nation's top retailer has tweaked some of its advertising to spotlight single moms and dads, who now make up 11% of the population. It's an attitude family-focused formats like adult contemporary may want adopt. That's because The Media Audit says its analysis of media usage patterns show single parents are heavier radio users. The study found single moms and dads spend 16% more time listening to radio during a typical day compared to the general population. Put another way, single parents listen to radio on average 2 hours, 49 minutes per day. That's nearly one-quarter their total daily media exposure. The Media Audit says it's not just radio — single parents also spend more

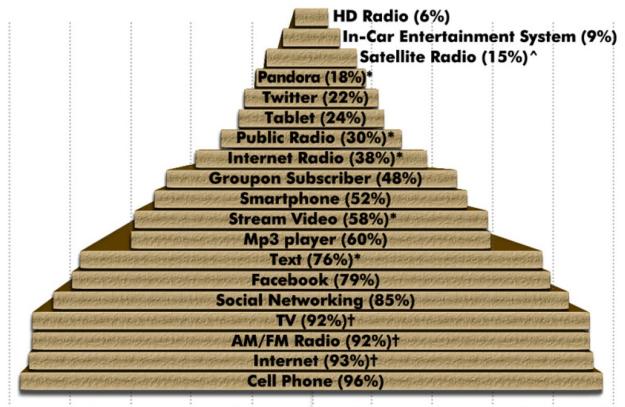
time watching television and using the internet. One reason is single parents tend to be younger — more than half are in the 18-34 demo... Surveys were conducted among almost 7,000 single parents across The Media Audit's 80 measured markets.

(COMPENT & CCORDING TO JA COBS TECH SURVERY 8, RA DIO REMAINS & KEY PARTOF PEOPLE'S LIVES)



### Radio's Digital Landscape Study 170 stations | 12 radio formats | 57,358 radio listeners

# Media Usage Pyramid 2012



Using medium weekly or more • †Using mediaum 1+ hour per day • ^Paid & trial users • No Canadian stations included in the Pandora values

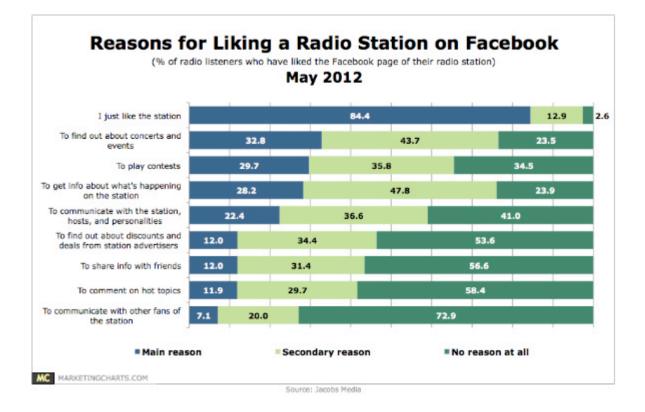
### (CO // JENT-RA DIO LISTENERS DON'T HA VE TO BE BRIBED TO "LIKE" STATIONS ON FACEBOOK. THE "LIKE" A STATION SI JPLY BECAUSE THEY LIKE IT)

#### 5/12 For Radio Listeners, Liking is Literal

inshare5

May 1, 2012

Radio Listeners who Like their stations on Facebook overwhelmingly do so out of a simple affinity for the station, finds Jacobs /jedia in a survey of about 57,000 radio Listeners in the US and Canada released in pril 2012. Out of the 45.9% of respondents who had Liked the stations that sent them the survey on Facebook, an impressive 84.4% said their main reason for doing so was because they just Like the station. The next-Closest primary reasons given were to find out about Concerts and events (32.3%) and to play contests (29.7%). By Comparison, data from a /jarket Force study also released in pril 2012 indicates that among US respondents who regularly Like the Facebook page of restaurant, retail, travel, entertainment, and financial services businesses, the chief reason for doing so is to take advantage of discounts and other incentives (79%), followed by seeing details on sales and events (70%). (highLights unique relationship with Listeners.

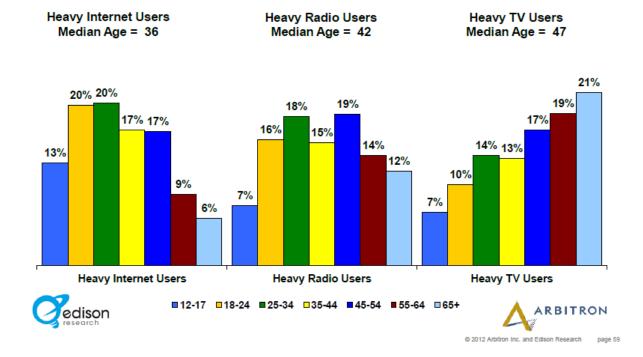


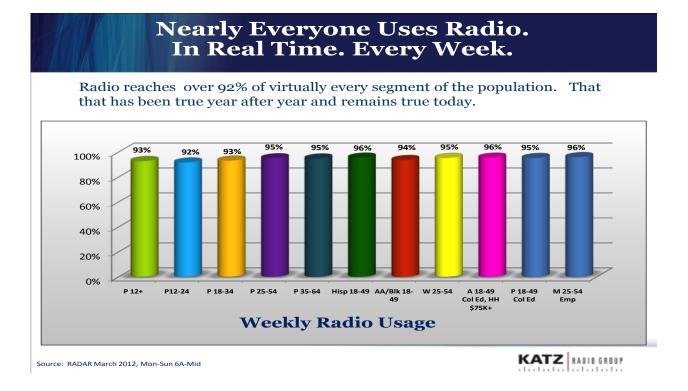
## (COMPENT WHO SAYS PEOPLE REN'TENGA GED WITH RADIO?)

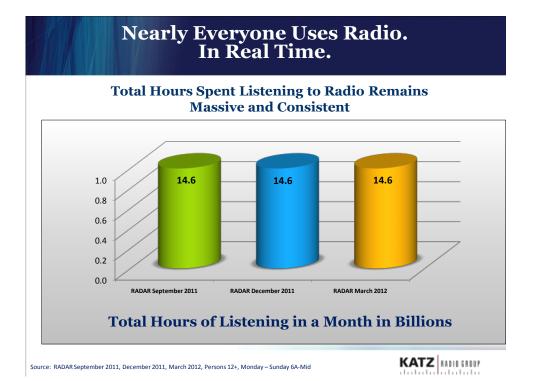
The Power of Radio: More than \$1 million raised by Radio One for kids' charity. From LoCAL gospEL stations to its syndicated progrAms, RAdio OnE sAys A <u>onE-dAy rAdiothon</u> rAised more than \$1 million during its fifth AnnuAL RAdio Cares for St. Jude Kids nationAL Event. <u>The CompAny sAys 11 of its gospEL stations</u> took pArt in the pril 5 EventAs well As Syndication One's "YolAndA dams forning Show" And "CoCo Brother Live" progrAms — the Latter rAising A record \$250,00 during his four-hour Evening show. (CO /1 / TENT. SLIDE BELOW- THE / TEDIA N & GE OF THE HER VY RA DIO USER / A TCHES THE / TEDIA N & GE OF THE U.S. / TORE CLOSELY THAN THE INTERNET OR TV)

Age Composition of...

#### Ages of Heavy Radio Users Closest to Population; Heavy Internet Users Skew Younger, Heavy TV Users Lean Older







(CO/1/IENT. PUTS F) CEBOOK USE IN PERSPECTIVE IN RELI TIONSHIP TO R) DIO- NOTCLOSE)

The AverAge Facebook user spends seven hours per month using The social network, according to new comScore data. <u>That's half as</u> much time as the average person listens to radio in a week, according to Arbitron. Looked At Another way, the AverAge person spends <u>eight-times more</u> time per month Listening to the radio than InterActing on Facebook.

(CONTENT. STUDY & FTER STUDY SHOWS THE TPEOPLE OVERSTATE THEIR USE GE OF THE NEW & ND COOL DEVICES. THERE'S A TA JOR DIFFERENCE BETWEEN WHAT PEOPLE & CTUR LLY DO VS WHAT THEY SAY THEY DO)

We've seen the same thing in the 2008 Nielsen Council of Research excellence \$3.5 million media study: people grossly over-report their usage of new technology and media alternatives and underreport their use of traditional media- Sanford C. Bernstein & Co. senior analyst todd Juenger notes that while the perception is that young people are abandoning television, <u>"everybody over-reports</u> usage of internet and mobile video and under-reports usage of traditional television." (We Can substitute "radio" for "television" and above would still be true) (COMMENT: USA TOUCHPOINT DATA IS SOPHISTICATED AND RICH DATA AVAIALBE TO MARKETERS AND SALES ORGANIZATIONS. THE AVERAGE TOUCHPOINT RESPONDER FILLED OUT THE APP ON THEIR SMART PHONE 16X/DAY- EXTREMELY ACCURATE. WHAT IS PARTICULARLY INTERESTING ABOUT THIS DATA IS THAT IN SPITE OF ALL OF THE TECHNOLOGICAL AND AUDIO OPTION PROLIFERATION OVER THE PAST 4 YEARS, THE RADIO DATA IS VERY SIMILAR TO THE ETHNOGRAPHIC MEDIA STUDY CONDUCTED BY THE COUNCIL FOR RESEARCH EXCELLENCE IN 2008)

New research enables us to get a deeper glimpse into how people use broadcast radio. USA TouchPoints: The media industry's newest and most sophisticated research confirms Radio's importance.

In 2010, The Coalition for innovative field fields understanding of media usage in Behavior institute as its partner in developing an innovative, Consumer-Centric Cross-media Contextual planning initiative. Cliff, as it's known, is Comprised of many of the nation's largest and most sophisticated advertisers and agencies. field Behavior institute was Chosen primarily due to its methodology, the USL touchPoints 10 day eDiary, which utilizes a smartphone app that had been used for successfully for several years in the UK. Is managing director of Cliff Jane Clark stated, "We searched the globe to find the most Consumer-Centric platform approaches----UK touchPoints is by far the most Comprehensive and provides the best way to link Cross media measurement and provide an understanding of media usage in Context."

The primary goal of the study was to enable advertisers and agency planners to gain a greater understanding and appreciation of the entire consumer media experience, i.e. what mood and mindset the Consumer had while Consuming media and encountering advertising as well as where and with whom it being Consumed

The USA TouchPoints pillot ran 10 days from October 1, 2010- franch 1, 2011, and consisted of a sample of 1,000 adults ages 18-64, with The average participant interacting with the app 16 times per day.

The US TouchPoints findings support the results of both fiddLetown studies Conducted by the Center for field Design At BALL STATE University in 2004 And 2005, As well As the Council of Research excellence Video Consumer frapping Study, Conducted in 2008 from which Nielsen's 360 Degree View of Udio Usage in merica was extracted in 2009. It three studies utilized Ethnographic methodology and all three concluded that radio remains an extremely vital and valued part of many people's day. brief recap of some of the initial findings follow:

\*Radio reaches more Millennials, Gen-Xers and Boomers each day and throughout the week than the four television networks, NBC, CBS, ABC and Fox, <u>combined</u>.

\*Radio is the #1 medium with Millennials, Gen-Xers and Boomers who are <u>employed</u> full-time Monday-Friday 6:00 AM-5:30 PM, <u>far out-distancing TV, not just the 4 major networks.</u>

\*Other digital audio alternatives remain supplements rather than substitutes. Typically 85%+ of those that use them also listen to find the first of the first of

\*Radio's Appeal within the 18-34 demo is rock solid and Approximately equal to that of the general population with 18-34's Listening 2:21 minutes/day to radio versus 2:34/day for 18-64.

\* Lmostone-quarter (23%) of the average (18-64's daily time with media is spent with radio, 19% with the internet, 2% with the newspaper, 1% with magazines and 55% with television.

\*Radio remains the solid #2 medium with the 18-64 <u>ND</u> the 18-34 demographic.

\*Radio dominates newspaper (online + printed) and magazines (online + printed).

\*/jobiLE phone Apps And mobiLE web usAge rAnges Anywhere between 1/4 to 1/3 of rAdio dAiLy usAge.

Despite the nearly three year difference between the data collection for the Nielsen Audio study in 2008 and the USA TouchPoints study in 2012, radio's metrics remain extremely impressive and consistent.

(GREAT PERSPECTIVE FROM NONY YOUNG CEO MINDSHARE. WE SHOULD POSITION THE RADIO MEDIUM THIS WAY EVERY CHANCE WE GET)

### How to Package Traditional Media to New-Age Marketers

In my LAST ARTICLE for d ge, I wrote About how new-media Companies were <u>successfully employing very traditional media</u> TACTICS TO GAIN A LARGER SHARE OF Ad spending.

I ThoughTI'd fLip ThAT on ITS hEAd This wEEk, As The TECh, mEdIA And mArkETING worlds Converge AT The Consumer Electronics Show in LAS VEGAS.

One Could Argue Traditional media too have been too "traditional" in how they pitch themselves, making it too easy for advertisers and others to peg them to the past. Perhaps they've been doing themselves a disservice. What if we relooked at a medium such as radio, using the sizzle employed by the very best of Silicon Valley to promote this 90-year-old advertising medium?

Here's what a sales pitch for radio Could Look Like.

LET ME INTRODUCE you TO A groundbreaking media channel, a medium with the potential to rival Facebook as a new-media darling...

A powerful mobile medium This medium is *availa*ble on just *a*bout every mobile device, including those running android *a*nd iPhone operating systems. It is accessible in 100% of today's cars. This medium is a powerful channel to engage very desirable, hard-to-reach and mobile millennials. Its distribution also extends to out-of-home venues inCluding retail outlets, fast-food restaurants, Car dealerships and sports venues, making it a powerful medium at point of purchase.

#### **Drives word of mouth**

WE CAN INCORPORATE PERSONALIZED bRAND MESSAGES TO OUR AUDIENCE TO

CrEATE buzz And word of mouth. WE use the Credibility of our

CELEBRITY ANNOUNCERS TO DRIVE THE CONVERSATION AROUND YOUR BRAND,

retail events and promotional offers. We also will generate

Consumer participation and engagement via brand-based

CompETITIons.

Hyper-local targeting No need for wasteful national campaigns that can't be customized based on your local retail-store distribution. Our medium gives you the flexibility to target at a hyper-local level. We can also deliver specific localized messaging.

Delivers across multiple platforms We distribute **AC**ross bro**A**d**CA**st, onLine **A**nd mobile devices. Our

medium is ALwAys on.

Provides scalable campaigns Our Advertiser promotions CAn deliver programs ACross LitterALLy millions of Consumers in A short period of time. Our medium has A reach of nearly 300 million uniques in the U.S. ACross A month. that makes this medium bigger than FACEbook.

A viable revenue model We operate a free-Content, ad-supported model that ensures high upTAKE And ThAT our rESEARCH Confirms Consumers prefer over A pAidsubscription model. A dvertiser units provide mArketers with 100% Control of the message. We also offer Advertisers A branded Content model. We will work with Advertisers to deliver Customized Content that brands Can be integrated with or Associate with.

YES, THAT'S RIGHT, I'M TALKING About radio ... A unique mobile, hyper-Local, multi-platform channel that delivers scalable brand marketing campaigns for advertisers.

Now doesn't that make radio seem just a little more interesting!

#### **ABOUT THE AUTHOR**

Antony Young is the CEO of <u>findshare</u> North merica, a WPP media strategy and investment agency. He recently published "Brand field Strategy," a Palgrave fiac fillan and dvertising ge publication about integrated communications planning in the Google and Facebook era.

(CO/1/IENT: LIKE THE CO/1/IUNICA TION CONTINUU/I NA LOGY...RA DIO BRIDGES TV A ND POINTOF PURCHA SE. LSO LIKE CONTEXTOF USE A ND /10/IENTOF RECEPTIVITY. PEOPLE A RE /10RE OPEN TO RECEIVE CO/1/IERCIA L /IESSA GING WHEN THEY & RE RELAXED THAN WHEN THEY & RE IN A TASK FOCUSED NODE WHICH THEY & RE SO OFTEN WHEN ENGING WITH THE INTERNET)

Radio - Deserving Of More Attention? **by** <u>Mike Bloxham</u>

I'VE WRITTEN BEFORE ABOUT MY VIEW THAT NO MEDIUM INNATELY "DESERVES" ANY PARTICULAR SHARE OF AD SPEND BASED ON THE AMOUNT OF TIME PEOPLE SPEND WITH IT. NOR SHOULD THE SIMPLE MATTER OF AUDIENCE SIZE BE THE SOLE DETERMINANT THAT DRIVES BUDGET ALLOCATION.

OTHER VARIABLES SUCH AS THE <u>context of consumption</u> (where And when the medium is ACCESSEd, <u>the social setting, the user</u> <u>Experiences and the inter-relationship with other media by day part</u> <u>ETC.</u>) All go to informing the AlloCation of media budgets and yielding a higher return on investment.

Then There's The simple fact of how well a given sector does in building and retaining its share. This, of Course, is the ultimate determinant of success. In the arena of media sales, its devil take the hindmost and anyone who can achieve a share that is apparently disproportionate to their relative position as a medium (or property) is free to do so -- all credit to them. The notion of proportionality has no place in this particular mix.

But Even taking into such points into account, I still find it curious radio has -- for the most part -- become an over-looked medium for many brands relative to tV and even to muCh smaller (but perhaps newer and more shiny) media opportunities, suCh as social and mobile.

The point of Course Isn't that radio -- or any of the others -- are <u>"better" than the rest.</u> ny medium Can only be fully maximized for an advertiser when approached as part of a joined up media mix. But when you Consider the near-ubiquity of radio in many Consumers' Lives, it is surprising that the medium has to fight so hard for its share of the pie.

For Example; with 79% of merican adults using a car in any one day and 39% of mile for radio listening taking place in the car (where the medium far out-paces CDs, satellite and mp3s), there is clearly a significant opportunity to reach many audiences at key moments of receptivity and decision making.

dd to this the fact that radio outstrips all other media Combined in terms of reach in an average weekly morning (6a-12noon) among adults making purchases in a QSR between 12-12.30 p.m., and it's not difficult to justify the medium's inclusion on a campaign plan in that sector.

Similarly (and this is another example, as above, taken from US) TouchPoints data), in the hour before the early afternoon peak shopping time of 1:30 p.m., a full 34% of shoppers are listening to the radio for at least some of that hour -- significantly more than any other medium. Does that mean that those other media don't have a role to play in targeting shoppers with relevant messages in key moments of receptivity? Of course not. But there's a communications continuum for any brand targeting a given consumer group, and while TV might be further from the point of purchase and mobile may be at the point of purchase, radio makes a pretty strong case as the medium that bridges the two.

ThESE ARE JUST A FEW EXAMPLES, but AS I Look AT The data -- data that has much more to do with context of use and likely moments of receptivity than with simple measure of time spentor reach alone --I Can'thelp wonder why more brands aren't making better use of a medium that can get them to the right place at the right time.

HAS THE INDUSTRY BEEN SECUCED by Things THAT ARE SIMPLY NEWER AND more shiny? Or is the Absence of video sufficient to justify A brand's Absence At key times in the day?

The following details US Touchpoints methodology that fike Bloxham referenced above:



#### Background

In April 2010, the Coalition for Innovative Media Measurement selected Media Behavior Institute as its partner in developing innovative cross-platform insights and metrics

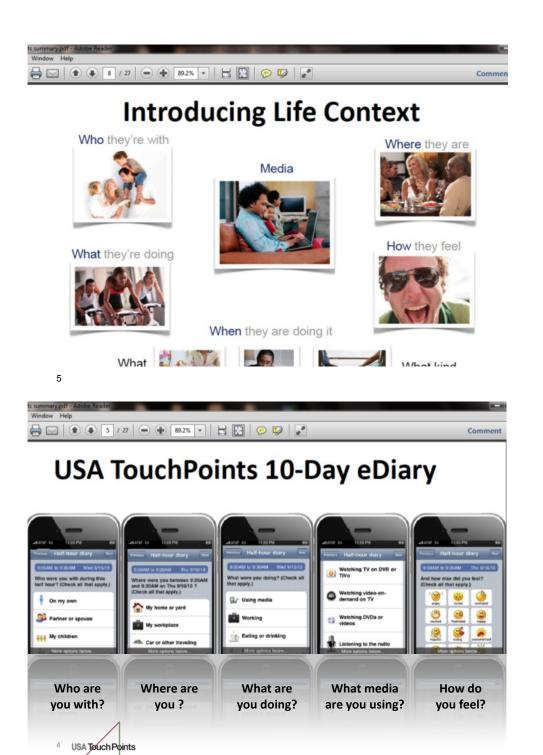




4

#### **Current Members**

A+E Networks AT&T Belo Carat CBS Corporation Comcast Networks ConAgra Discovery Communications	Gannett GroupM Hearst Interpublic Group's Mediabrands Microsoft NBC Universal News Corporation Omnicom Media Group	P&G PepsiCo Publicis Groupe Scripps Networks Interactive Time Warner Unilever Viacom The Walt Disney Co.
--	---	---



## Media Behavior Institute<sup>®</sup> USA TouchPoints ©

#### What is USA TouchPoints?

- USA TouchPoints is a rich, multidimensional study of American consumers' daily lives – including their moods, emotional states and media consumption.
- Captures behavior in real time throughout the day, helping marketers identify the contextual factors that impact consumers' receptivity to their message.
- Provides unrivaled insights with which to develop more precise and relevant marketing plans and communications
- Innovative foundation for fusing other media research services

#### USA TouchPoints Life Context Measures

Who they're with ... 9 different social settings

Where consumers are ... 14 different locations

How they feel ... mood and 18 emotional states

When they are doing it ... all waking hours of the day in 1/2 hour increments

What they're doing ... 19 life activities

What media they're exposed to

What they buy, own, use ... based on their answers to MRI's survey of the American Consumer What kind of people they are ... psychographics and lifestyle from MRI

#### Syndicated Study Plans

- National probability sample drawn from GFK MRI's Survey of the American Consumer
- Fielded Oct 2010 Mar 2011 and Aug 2011-Dec 2011
- Sample size: 21,000 based on 2,000+ respondents

#### Using USA TouchPoints for Campaign Planning

Data available through IMS, Telmar and Pointlogic

- Cross-tabbing and mapping
- Schedule R/F will be available after currency fusions are complete

#### What can you do with USA TouchPoints?

- · Paint a complete picture of the consumer landscape
  - The "who, what, what, where and when" of consumer behavior and the interplay of media exposure in time
- Uncover details about contextual factors that influence receptivity
- · Target consumers in specific "need states" or moods
- · Enhance custom databases and segmentation studies
- · Understand actionable and quantitative ethnographies

#### USA TouchPoints Media Covered

54 Broadcast and cable nets

15 Website genres + Word of mouth

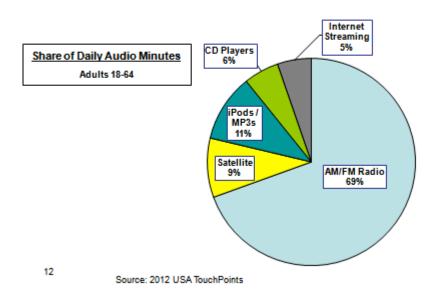
- 11 Program types 11 Radio formats
- 16 Magazine genres
- 8 Local/Nat'l newspapers

Touch Points

COMPENT. THE SLIDE BELOW HIGHLIGHTS THE FACTTHAT VIRTUALLY 70% OF THE A VERA GE 18-64'S TAME IS SPENTWITH A MF A DIO. NOTE THAT THIS DOE NOTINCLUDE STREEMING OF A MF A CONTENT SO IT A CTUALLY UNDERSTATES RADIO'S TRUE UDIENCE)

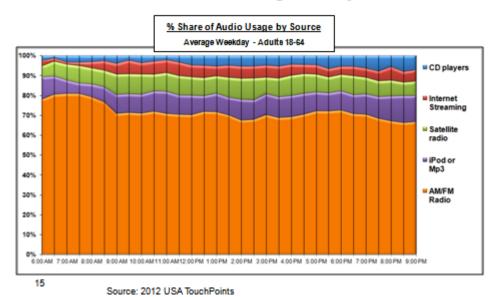


# Below is taken from 2012 USA TouchPoints- AM/FM radio continues to dominate the audio landscape-



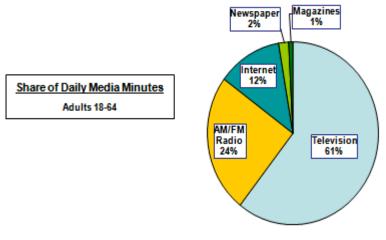
### AM/FM Radio comprises over two-thirds of the time Americans spend with audio

AM/FM Radio's share of audio usage remains dominant through the day



(COMMENT: ALL TOO OFTEN STUDIES INCLUDE EMAIL IN THE INTERNET USAGE #'S. THIS SLIDE DOESN'T BUT INCLUDES ALL OTHER ONLINE FUNCTIONS. FACTOR OUT EMAIL USE AND RADIO'S SHARE OF THE DAILY MEDIA UNIVERSE IS DOUBLE THE INTERNET, WHICH BTW INCLUDES USAGE ON MOBILE, TABLETS AND COMPUTERS)

#### AM/FM Radio comprises 1/4 of the time Americans spend with media each day



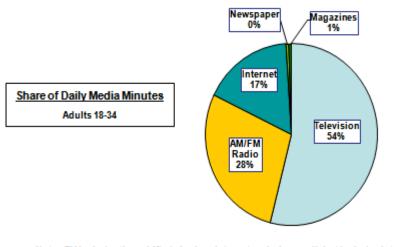
Note: TV includes time-shifted viewing; Internet excludes email, but includes internet usage via PC, mobile or tablet; Newspaper and Magazine includes digital readership.

Source: 2012 USA TouchPoints

19

(CO / / / ENT. RA DIO IS & STRONG #2 IN DA ILY TI / E SPENTTO TV IN SLIDE BELOW)

## Among young Adults 18-34, AM/FM Radio represents nearly 1/3<sup>rd</sup> of their media day



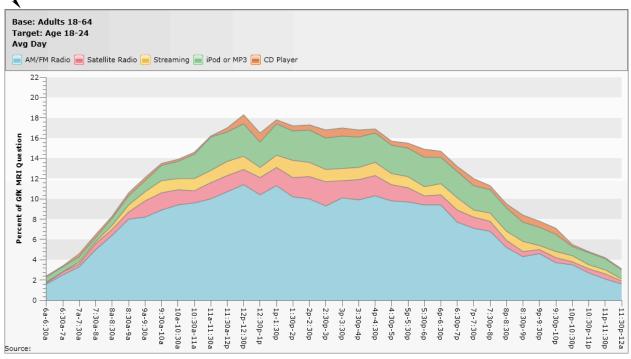
Note: TV includes time-shifted viewing; Internet excludes email, but includes internet usage via PC, mobile or tablet; Newspaper and Magazine includes digital readership.

Source: 2012 USA TouchPoints

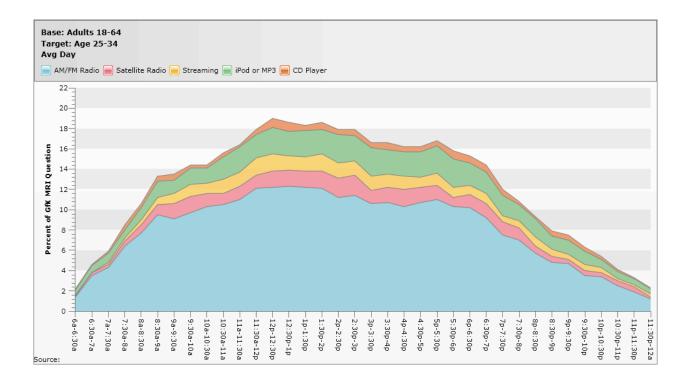
20

# (COMPENT: THIS IS A NOTHER WAY TO VIEW A UDIO USA GE CROSS THE DAY. RA DIO IS LIGHTBLUE DOMINATES A LL HOURS)

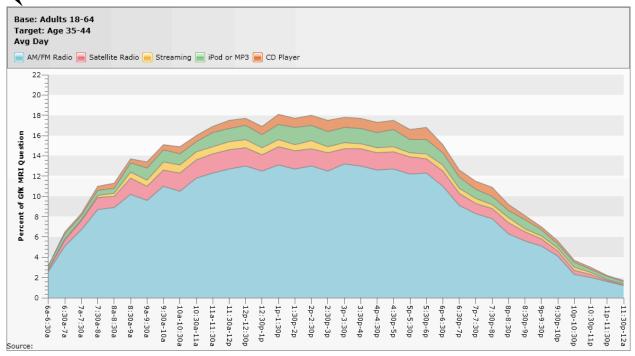
18-24



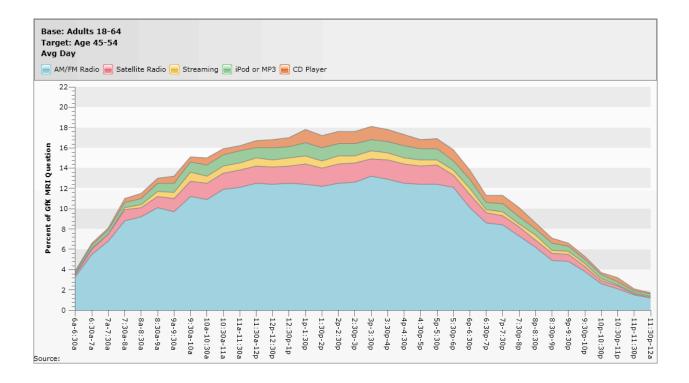
25-34



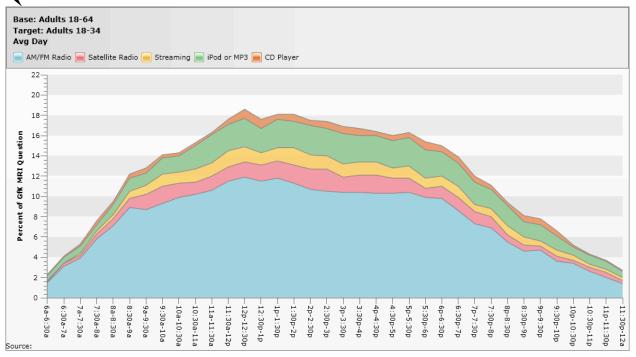




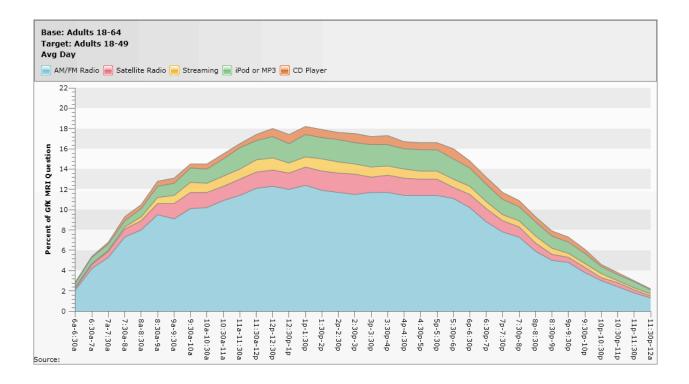
45-54



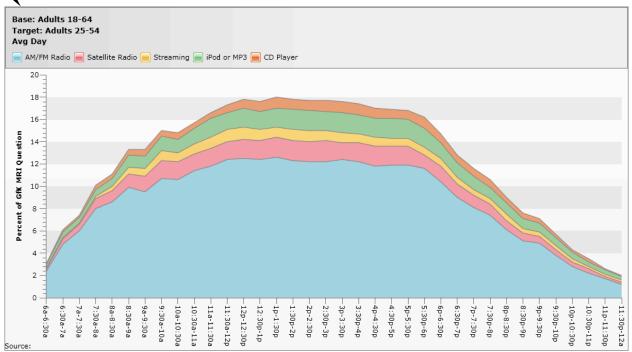
# 18-34



18-49







(CO/1/1ENT. /IONDA Y-FRIDA Y RA DIO'S REACH EXCEEDS THAT OF THE 4 /1A JOR TV NETWORKS A ND A LL OF THE CA BLE NETWORKS CO /IBINED (FA CTORING OUT UNIVISION). CU /1E A UDIENCE BELOW EQUATES TO /ION-FRI. 6A -12 /1D. THE SECOND COLU /IN IS /ION-FRI. 6A -6P. THIS IS A HUGE POINT.)

Age Summary: 18-24 Avg Mon-Fri Percent of GfK MRI Question	Cume Audience	6:00 AM-6:00 PM
Which TV Networks were you watching, live or via DVR or Tivo?: ABC , NBC, CBS, Fox	48.2	27.2
All Cable Nets live or via DVR or Tivo EXC Telemundo, Univision	60.1	37
How were you listening to the Radio or other Audio?: AM/FM Radio	53.5	47.9
Source: USA TouchPoints 2012.1 - Base: Adults 18-64		

Age Summary: 18-34 Avg Mon-Fri Percent of GfK MRI Question	Cume Audience	6:00 AM-6:00 PM
Which TV Networks were you watching, live or via DVR or Tivo?: ABC , NBC, CBS, Fox	49.9	28.6
All Cable Nets live or via DVR or Tivo EXC Telemundo, Univision	57.1	34.3
How were you listening to the Radio or other Audio?: AM/FM Radio		50.7
Source: USA TouchPoints 2012.1 - Base: Adults 18-64		

Age Summary: 25-34 Avg Mon-Fri Percent of GfK MRI Question		6:00 AM-6:00 PM
Which TV Networks were you watching, live or via DVR or Tivo?: ABC , NBC, CBS, Fox	51.2	29.5
All Cable Nets live or via DVR or Tivo EXC Telemundo, Univision	55	32.3
How were you listening to the Radio or other Audio?: AM/FM Radio		52.8
Source: USA TouchPoints 2012.1 - Base: Adults 18-64		

Age Summary: 35-44 Avg Mon-Fri Percent of GfK MRI Question		6:00 AM-6:00 PM
Which TV Networks were you watching, live or via DVR or Tivo?: ABC , NBC, CBS, Fox	63.9	42.1
All Cable Nets live or via DVR or Tivo EXC Telemundo, Univision	60.3	36.4
How were you listening to the Radio or other Audio?: AM/FM Radio		61.3
Source: USA TouchPoints 2012.1 - Base: Adults 18-64		

Age Summary: 45-54 Avg Mon-Fri Percent of GfK MRI Question	Cume Audience	6:00 AM-6:00 PM
Which TV Networks were you watching, live or via DVR or Tivo?: ABC , NBC, CBS, Fox	69.1	47.1
All Cable Nets live or via DVR or Tivo EXC Telemundo, Univision	62.9	38.5
How were you listening to the Radio or other Audio?: AM/FM Radio	63.1	58.8
Source: USA TouchPoints 2012.1 - Base: Adults 18-64		

Age Summary: 18-49 Avg Mon-Fri Percent of GfK MRI Question		6:00 AM-6:00 PM
Which TV Networks were you watching, live or via DVR or Tivo?: ABC , NBC, CBS, Fox	57.3	35.7
All Cable Nets live or via DVR or Tivo EXC Telemundo, Univision	58.8	35.4
How were you listening to the Radio or other Audio?: AM/FM Radio		55.6
Source: USA TouchPoints 2012.1 - Base: Adults 18-64		

Age Summary: 25-54 Avg Mon-Fri Percent of GfK MRI Question		6:00 AM-6:00 PM
Which TV Networks were you watching, live or via DVR or Tivo?: ABC , NBC, CBS, Fox	61.7	39.9
All Cable Nets live or via DVR or Tivo EXC Telemundo, Univision	59.5	35.8
How were you listening to the Radio or other Audio?: AM/FM Radio		57.7
Source: USA TouchPoints 2012.1 - Base: Adults 18-64		

<u>Fact:</u> mericans listen to 14.6 Billion Hours of Radio Each fronth and according to rolltron, listeners tune into radio on average 5 days per week... on average 3.4x per day.

Fact: *MA*ny broadCast radio audio Competitors involve more solitary and introspective Listening Experiences, where the fan picks only the music he or she Likes. When Listeners want more social Listening Experiences, they still turn to radio.

Wall Street's view of radio may be slowly turning. Brilley AnALyst NICk CApuAno says he thinks radio remains "undervalued" by the markets. CapuAno says radio has been <u>"wrongly lumped in"</u> with the fading newspaper and directory business — Even though it remains a "very relevant advertising medium" worth a fresh Look. Radio's reach and time spent listening are still strong Compared to other media, and Capuano says the audience size and reach for Pandora and Sirius X/1 Radio pale in Comparison to broadCast radio. "they are dwarfed by the reach and time spent listening to radio," he tells Clients. "Lso, they Lack the ability to offer advertisers the Capability to Cost effectively target specific demographics in a scalable way."

SEVERAL quotes of interest that succinctly position why radio remains so popular. Do not know the source:

"Radio is Life with a miCrophone, used to ignite a Conversation with as many influencers as possible, at one time. On radio, spoken words Create a brief sense of personal Connection with each listener, in a way newer media can't really match."

Lot of people don't have fascinating lives. *Many* do their jobs for the health insurance benefits, their jobs don't speak to their souls...with radio you can have fun listening, alone in the world without being alone...<u>turn on the radio and your world gets</u> expanded." Fact: Super Sunday for Radio Too. Nearly 8% of Mericans Caught The Super Bowl on radio. For 23.1 million people the Super Bowl was also a radio event. That's how many listeners tuned into at least part of the game on the radio, according to Dial Global's edison Research study.

(CO/1/IENT. TRA DITIONAL /IEDIA - THE BESTWAY TO GETA

(CO /1 /1ENT: WHILE THE WORLD /11GHT BE /10RE DIGITAL HU /1A N NA TURE A ND HU /1A N WA NTS A ND NEEDS HA VE NOT CHA NGED....IT IS STILL A BOUT FULFILLING THESE NEEDS. DITAL IS NOTHING /10RE THAN A NOTHER TO FILL THE /1. NOTHING /10RE, NOTHING LESS)

# (COMENT. LIKE THIS POINT)

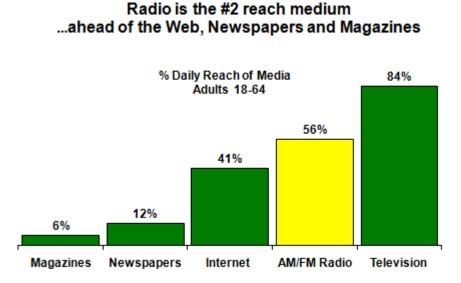
Fact: RAdio Consumption is perCeived positiveLy- unlike tV: InterestingLy, of ALL media, tV in particular is seen by some As A potentially "harmful" medium: people often feel <u>Apologetic or</u> <u>defensive</u> About the Amount of time they spend watching tV. Radio on the other hand is often seen As having A positive role in people's Lives - keeping them CompAny, giving them information and Allaying feelings of LoneLiness or isolation. No one has ever said too much radio might be harmful. Fact: RAdio is different from Print. RAther than being Like newspapers and magazines, radio is far more Like television. Similar to tv, radio is Ad-supported and free to Consumers, whereas print, while adsupported, also Charges subscription fees, which has contributed to their problems. ddittonally, unlike print and newspapers drastic decrease in penetration, radio has suffered no audience decline.

(CO / / TENT. THERE IS VILLUE TO LETTING PEOPLE SON K IN THE CONTENT ND / TESSI GING. STUDIES HI VE SHOWN THAT PEOPLE WHO RE / TORE RELAXED ALLOW / TESSI GING THROUGH THEIR DEFENSES. THIS / TESSI GING IS A BSORBED PA SSIVELY AND I / TPLICITLY. FOR / TORE A BOUT THIS TYPE OF LISTENING CHECK OUT THE CHAPTER TITLED, "THE SCIENCE OF SOUND".)

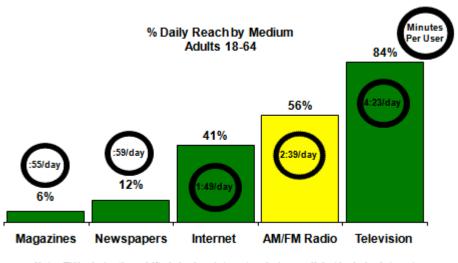
Fact: s Advertiser spending Continues to more Closely reflect the Amount of Attention Consumers give to individual media, each will fare differently. For example, tV and radio <u>are holding on</u> to their Audience. One reason for this is that television and radio remain the only mediums where the message is still sitback, relax and let us entertain you- "soak in rather than seek out". This is incredibly Appealing proposition to many people in this fast paced society.

The following quote by AIChAEL Link, VP of AEThodological Research AT The Nielsen Company might be several years old, but The 2012 US TouchPoints data and other research Confirm its validity today: "There are a lot of Critics out there who want to write off broadCastradio, but this analysis of real-time media Consumption shows that it continues to play a very strong role".

# Several 2012 USA Touchpoint slides follow. Radio is powerful...note how Newspaper and Magazine fare:



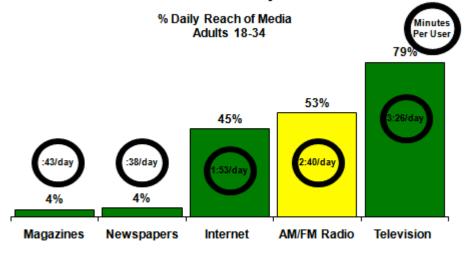
Note: TV includes time-shifted viewing; Internet includes via PC, mobile & tablet; Newspaper and Magazine includes digital readership. Source: 2012 USA TouchPoints



#### Radio listeners spend significant time with it daily

Note: TV includes time-shifted viewing; Internet excludes email, but includes internet usage via PC, mobile or tablet; Newspaper and Magazine includes digital readership. Source: 2012 USA TouchPoints

> Even among young adults 18-34, Radio is #2 in daily reach



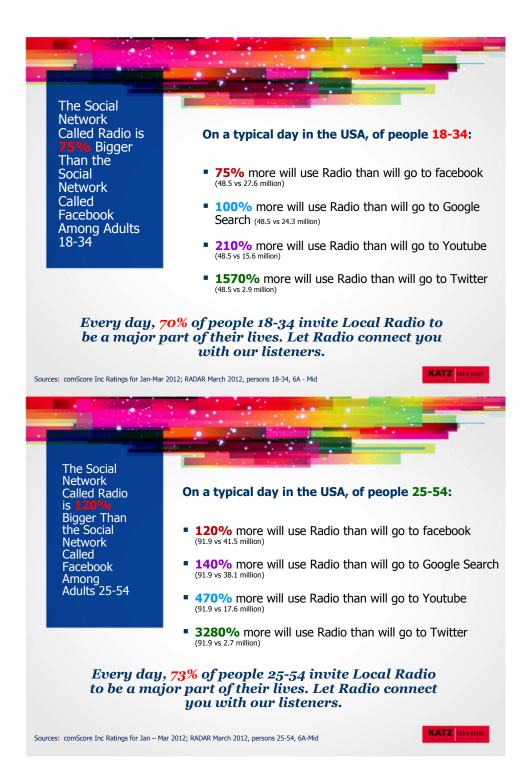
Note: TV includes time-shifted viewing; Internet excludes email, but includes internet usage via PC, mobile or tablet; Newspaper and Magazine includes digital readership. Source: 2012 USA TouchPoints (CO/1/1ENT. CONFIR/1S 2012) LA N BURNS STUDY- /1ORE OUTLETS LEA DS TO /1ORE CONSU/1PTION. WHILE RA DIO TSL IS HIGHER IN THE /1RI RESEA RCH RA DIO'S RELA TIVE RA NK & S THE #2 /1EDIU/1 TO TV RE/1A INS CONSTANT)

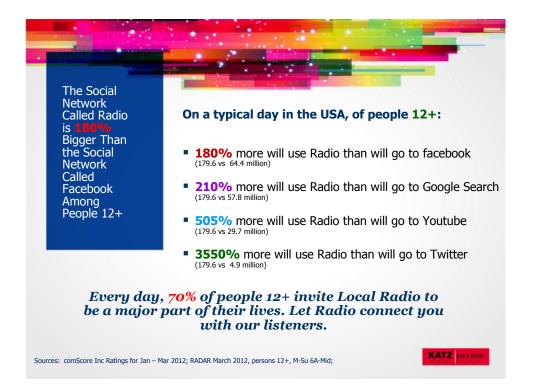
The infinite DIAL 2011 study: NAVIGATING DIGITAL PLATform showed that mericans are spending more time with media- an hour and 21 minutes more per day with media today than in 2001. LL of the new technology is making it easier to Consume media and the 2011 estimates from fieldamark Research shows radio's significance in the media Landscape Continues to be strong. It's the #2 reach medium with daily Listening over 3 hours/day. The fieldamark research showed Lower daily reach for radio than the Nielsen CRE study did but appreciably Longer TSL. (Newspaper and fiagazine daily reach far higher than any other study we've seen. One reason could be that GfK fiRI is the print industry's equivalent of ribitron- all other studies show much Lower usage.)

Television Internet Newspaper Magazines Radio % Daily Reach (A18+) 81% 63% 57% 41% 27% 72 74 Minutes per user 305 182 201 Hrs:Min/Day 5:05 3:03 3:22 1:13 1:15

Gfk MRI Media Day (2011)

(COMPENT. While social media continues to garner a lot of attention, broadcast radio's popularity continues to dwarf some of the internet's and social media's "biggest" players)





NEwspapers in the 2012 /jedia Universe are threatened and Continues

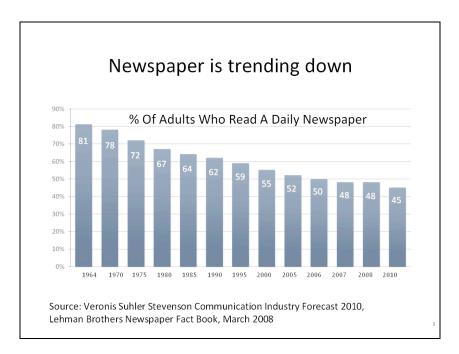
TO LOSE READERS. DAILY NEWSPAPER CIRCULATION IS down -44% over the

p**a**st46+ y**ea**rs.

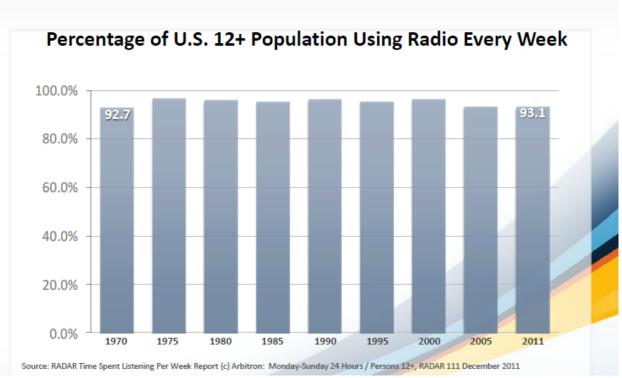
NETwork TV's Top 20 shows Are ALso down quite steepLy, <u>-45%, over</u>

<mark>the past 16 years</mark>.

(COMENT. THE EXA CTOPPOSITE OF RADIO. NO DECLINE IN SIGHT)



(CO /1 /1ENT. RA DIO'S WEEKLY REACH IS HIGHER THAN 1970!-TRE /1ENDOUS STA YING POWER. NOTE THAT /1EDIA OPTIONS OVER THE PA ST 30 YEARS HAVE INCREASE /10RE THAN 10 FOLD)



# Weekly Radio Reach: 2011 Higher than 1970!

Per highly respected research Company, fillward Brown, Radio is:

- /10re Intimate/personal than tv

-LESS LIMITED TO HOME WITH LISTENING OCCURRING IN MANY PLACES

-LISTENERS OFTEN MORE LOYAL TO SPECIFIC STATIONS

-BENEfITS from "ImAgEry TrAnsfer" from TV CommerCIALS

-Usage is less seasonal

(CO/1/IENT: A ZING STUDY. OF ALL THE GA DGETS INVENTED, RA DIO IS #2)

Fact: Radio ranked #2 in Popular fiechanics List of the <u>101</u> Gadgets That Changed The World-behind the smartphone <u>And Ahead of TV.</u> 2011 & & produced show, in partnership with Popular Mechanics, rated all of the most important, innovative, and incredible devices in history.



(CO / / TENT. WHEN WE LISTEN TO THE REDIO WE RE SHARING THE SA / TE / 10 / TENTIN TI / TE WITH THOUSA NDS. THERE IS SO / TETHING SPECIAL ABOUT THAT. BEING PARTOF A TRIBE IS I / TPORTANT TO HU / A N. HA VING A HU / A N CONNECTION IS I / TPORTANT. WE CA N BE A LONE WHEN LISTENING TO THE RADIO BUT NOT BE LONELY. LISTENING TO THE RADIO / A KES US PARTOF SO / TETHING BIGGER THAN OURSELVES. PARTOF A N EXPERIENCE THAT OTHERS SHARE THAT CAN BE DISCUSSED WITH THE /1)

## BroadCastRadio also possesses a "multiplying" effect.

There really is something almost magical about radio's ability to make music sound more exciting, satisfying and bigger than life. That's a huge benefit of "broadcasting". We call this radio's music "multiplier" effect: It's when you listen, enjoy, and sometimes turn up the volume of a song on the radio that you'd normally click past on your IPod or "thumb down" on your personalized internet station. Two actual tweets follow- taken from the 2012 Radioscope study:

What's happening?				
Hearing your favorite song on the radio is more exciting than on your iPod.				
0 0		136 Tweet		
What's happening?				
I skip the song on my iPo the radio I love it.	od; but then when	it comes on		
0 0		136 Tweet		

Songs played on *Air* seem to resonate differently due to *A* Combination of serendipity *A*nd surprise. *Maybe* this is why m*A*ny of us *A*re more likely to Cr*A*nk up the music when it Comes on the r*A*dio th*A*n our iPod. Have you ever noticed that *A* movie viewed in *A* theatre is usually *A* more powerful viewing experience th*A*n when viewed alone *A*t home on tV? The same phenomenon is *A*t play when listening to music on the r*A*dio. The Contextual *A*nd social environment in which *A* product is Consumed does m*A*ke *A* difference. The ACT of downLoAding songs To IPods/ /IP3's or Liking/disLiking songs on Internet stations Eliminates Any semblance of surprise. And without surprise it's difficult to experience delight. Is it possible that we're personalizing and "thumbing" our music up or down to the point of Emotional detachment? Radio on the other hand, due to its serendipitous nature, has the ability to delight far beyond that of other musical alternatives.

Social bonding or a <u>para-social</u> kind of relationship is also at work and exclusive to radio. It revolves around the kinship listeners believe they share with the personalities, which leads to a "he/she gets me" response from a personal and musical standpoint, which enhances the enjoyment that leads to a richer listening experience.

But there's got to be more to radio's magic than this music "multiplier" phenomenon. No matter how hard the online audio pureplays try they will never be able to match radio's ability to provide an intimate shared experience—another human being sharing the same moment in time with the listener, offering up tidbits of new information about an artist or song, while introducing them to new music being played in the context of their favorite station's playlist. this is radio and this is will always be special- the ability to provide "social currency".

<u>Thinking of online music options as radio simply because both play music is analogous to categorizing billboards, skywriting,</u>

magazines and newspapers as similar mediums because all four are dependent upon the written word. While radio and the internet audio alternatives both play music there's a cavernous difference between the two audio options and why and how often they are utilized.

Online music services certainly have a place in the new audio world but there is a certain soullessness about them, a sterility that is absent from broadcast radio. Both clear channel and cBS are now playing in this space to round out their audio assets, having created iHeartradio and last fm respectively. But no matter how it might be sliced, diced or rationalized that these internet playlists are radio, it is difficult to not to feel like Will Smith, in the movie, "i am legend"- isolated, disconnected and alone if you are exposed to them for too long.

(COMMENT: Radio's ability to influence frame of mind which is key to commercial receptivity. LIKE THE ICE CREAM ANALOGY)

2011 study Commissioned in the U.K. by the <u>Radio Advertising</u> Bureau Concluded that Listening to the radio makes people happier than watching tV or surfing the internet.1,000 Britons participated in <u>the study</u>, using their smartphones to respond to questions about their media Consumption and emotional mindset at various times of the day. "On Average, when Consuming radio, happiness & energy scores increase by 100% and 300% <u>Compared to when no media is being</u> <u>Consumed</u>," The study found. Buthappiness increased most when that media was the radio.

RAdio is A kind of "Lifestyle support system," the Authors wrote, that helps people feel better As they go About their days. Many respondents didn't realize how important radio was in their lives until they had participated in the exercise.

TO /IChAEL C. KEITH, A professor AT Boston College And A LEAding scholar in history and ELECTronic media, these Conclusions Come as no surprise.

"Why ELSE do people listen to music radio, other than to get Enjoyment out of it?" he asked HuffPost in an interview last week. "People don't listen to radio to be depressed, certainly not when it Comes to entertainment radio or music radio. The whole idea of Listening to radio is to gain companionship and, at the same time, Enjoyment."

Indeed, the study's participants claimed to experience "peaks and troughs" while consuming tV and online media, but radio provided a "Consistent environment themed and shaped" to suit their needs at any given moment:

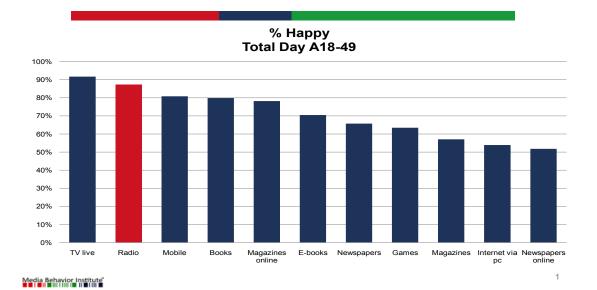
GENERALLY, WE CAN ALL AGREE, PEOPLE LIKE LISTENING TO MUSIC. WE ALL have a station we prefer with music we know we'll like, and unless wE just brokE up with our significant others, for the most part we're Choosing music that will make us feel good.

"Radio is like ice cream," Keith said. "You choose the station that tastes best to you -- the flavor you like the best is going to give you Enjoyment."

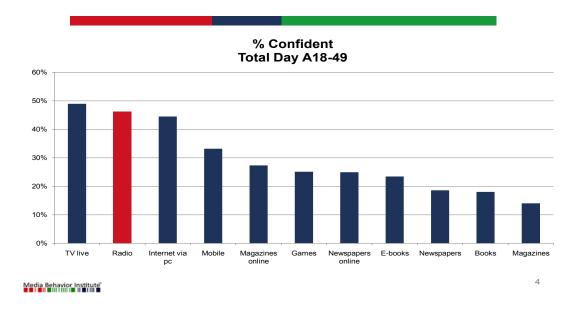
Where *A*s trolling online might occasion *A*lly present you with *A*n uncomfortable *A*ctivity -- Checking your b*A*nk statement perh*A*ps, Looking for jobs or watching *A* really non-Cute Cat do something *A*wful -- television h*A*s *A*lw*A*ys been Considered the ultimate in Escapism. However, m*A*ny respondents Claimed they experienced *A* Low *A*fter watching their f*A*vorite progr*A*ms, *A*s they were suddenly plunged b*A*ck into "real Life."

RAdio, on the other hand only improved and supported peoples' daily activities, like cleaning up around the house, or getting ready in the morning. Any respondents also listened to the radio while they did other work online.

**Companionship, To soothe, To reassure, To make happy.** Radio is such an integral part of our daily lives that perhaps we've forgotten how it truly affects us. Lot of the new media gets more press, more buzz, more attention," Bill Rose of a roitton explained. "But people use radio more year over year." CI/1/I: THE COALITION for INNOVATIVE /IEdia /IEASUREMENT IS USING TOUCHPOINTS METHODOLOGY from THE U.K. SMARTPHONES WERE GIVEN TO THE RESPONDENTS WHO WERE PROMPTED EVERY 30 MINUTES TO FILL IN THEIR MEDIA USAGE AS WELL AS MINDSET. THE US TOUCHPOINT RESULTS PARALLEL THE U.K. FINDINGS RE: RADIO'S ABILITY TO POSITIVELY AFFECT PEOPLE'S MOODS:



## "Happy" audiences flock to Radio



## Audiences are "Confident" while listening to Radio

Survey results released in February <u>2012 by BrandSpark International (below) in</u> partnership with Better Homes and Gardens.